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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 28 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1942 PRICE PYNE ANNA

"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
EYE-DROP
A wonderful specific for Ophthalmia and all Sore and Mattering Eyes. acts like a charm for Tired Watering or Itching Eyes
Absolutely Harmless Very Soothing for the Eyes Ankhi-Khoosh Never Fails Ankhi Khoosh does not smart
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AZAD-SAPRU-JAWAHAR TALKS

Two-Hour Conference At Anand Bhavan

CONGRESS PRESIDENT SEES NO PROSPECT OF SETTLEMENT

Call To Students To Unite And Act On Wardha Plan

ALLAHABAD, February 2.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru called at Anand Bhawan this evening to meet Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. Sir Tej spent nearly two hours with the Maulana and Pandit Nehru.

No political significance, it is understood, attaches to the meeting.

AZAD TO MEET U. P. CONGRESS WORKERS

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, and Mr. Sadik Ali, office Secretary, A. I. C. C., met Maulana Azad during the course of the day.

The Maulana will have a fairly busy programme during his three-day visit to Allahabad. He is meeting Provincial Congress workers to-morrow afternoon at Anand Bhawan and will later address a public meeting. He is expected to leave for Delhi on February 4. —A. P.

EMULATE SOVIET EXAMPLE

PATNA, Feb. 2.

"Indians must keep their national interest in the forefront and take a lesson from Soviet Russia", said Maulana Abul Kalam Azad addressing a large gathering of students at the Anjuman Islamia Hall last evening.

Maulana Azad added: "Nowhere during this war has the Soviet said that they were fighting for a new order in the world, all through they have been saying that they are fighting for the safety of their fatherland."

The time of action has come, the Congress President declared, and added that students should now concentrate their whole energy on the solution of the crisis through which the country was passing. It was no good sticking to slogans when the situation demanded immediate action.

NO HOPE OF SETTLEMENT

Maulana Azad observed that there were no prospects of a settlement with the Government and it would be a crime to while away time in search of such a prospect. The country should now follow her own line of action instead of thinking in terms of a compromise. A line of action, he pointed out, has been chalked out by the Congress in Wardha and appealed to the students to take up that programme.

Maulana Azad appealed to the students to forget their past differences and combine and work together at the present critical moment for the good of the country.—A. P.

SAPRU PLAN BEFORE ASSEMBLY

NEW DELHI, Feb. 2.

Mr. N. M. Joshi's resolution urging the establishment of a National Government at the Centre responsible to the Central Legislature which will come up before the Assembly next week has aroused keen interest.

Sardar Sant Singh, Acting Leader of the Congress Nationalist Party, and member of the Standing Committee of the Sapru Conference has tabled a substitute motion on the lines of the Sapru cable to Mr. Churchill.

Sardar Sant Singh urges the establishment of a National Government responsible to the Crown during the interim period of the war and entailing the transfer of portfolios of Home, Finance and Defence to the Indian Members of the Viceroy's Executive Council. His resolution further urges the Governor-General-In-Council to work such a constitution in practice in such a manner as to express the national will of India approximating to the working of self-governing Dominions.

He also urges the Government of India to secure for India the status of perfect equality with the United Kingdom and the Dominions with regard to all international matters and matters common to all members of the British **Commonwealth.—United Press.**

JAPANESE RAID SOLOMON ISLANDS

Australian Goldfield Town Rocked By Explosions:

PERTH, Feb. 2.

The Australian Goldfields town of Boulder was rocked by bomb explosions early on Monday, wrecking a house in which a gambling party was proceeding. Eight persons were killed.

MELBOURNE: An Australian Air Communique says that the Japanese carried out reconnaissances on Solomon islands and dropped bombs in the vicinity of Tulagi. There are no reports of any casualties or damage.

MORE CALL-UPS.

Mr. Forde, the Army Minister, announced that there, would be further call-ups of volunteer groups and militia groups.

Australian women are to register for war service, announces the Australian Minister of Labour.

AXIS FORCES IN BARCE

LONDON, Feb. 2.

A German communique states that in North Africa tank units occupied Barce and El Abiar. —Reuter.

Rice Rationing In Ceylon

COLOMBO, Feb. 2.

The rice rationing for which coupons have been already distributed, came into force throughout the Island this morning, except in certain specified areas described as "self-supporting".

The ration will be two measures per person weekly or about one-fourth of a bushel monthly. In Colombo and two other areas rice will be supplied by dealers specified on the presentation of coupons, while in other areas it will be obtainable from any dealer.—A. P.

BR. AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA.

CHUNGKING:— Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, retiring British Ambassador to China, is leaving Chungking by plane on Wednesday for Calcutta 'en route' to Moscow where he will assume his new post of Ambassador to Soviet Russia. Sir Archibald is being widely feted in Chungking.—Reuter.

Brilliant Break-Through From Benghazi

Indian Infantry Brigades Fight Their Way To Bases Through Strong Axis Ring: Attack On Transports

LONDON, February 2.

Though encircled by strong Axis forces in the Benghazi area, the Seventh Indian Infantry Brigade made a brilliant break through when it was decided to evacuate Benghazi.

The Brigade's fighting personnel successfully reached East Cyrenaica bases after a 200-mile march through enemy infested desert, only demolition units being left behind at Benghazi.

INDIANS FIGHT THEIR WAY THROUGH

CAIRO, Feb. 2

A Middle East Communique states: "Our Fourth Indian Division is conducting its withdrawal in Jebel Akdar in close contact with the enemy, who is following up this movement in considerable strength. On January 21 at Maraua the Eleventh Indian Infantry Brigade carried out a successful counter-attack in which many casualties were inflicted on the enemy. Yesterday the same Brigade again counter-attacked and checked the enemy in the Slonta area. In the area north-east of Msus our mobile columns continue their offensive activities.

MECHANISED COLUMN ATTACKED

Yesterday an enemy mechanised column was exposed and four vehicles were captured with some prisoners throughout the course of yesterday's operation our air forces continued to render effective support to operations on land, while our bombers during the night of January 31, and February 1, attacked mechanical transport columns in the area Agheila-Jedabya, starting a number of fires.

BRILLIANT BREAK THROUGH

The Seventh Indian Infantry Brigade, which was covering Benghazi before our evacuation of the town and port, has now returned to its bases in East Cyrenaica almost intact as regards the fighting personnel. During the night of 28/29 when the decision to evacuate Benghazi was taken after the encirclement of the area by strong Axis forces, this brigade decided to break out southwards.

This operation was successfully carried out in the face of abnormally difficult conditions. Surrounded by German and Italian tank formations strongly supported by motorised infantry, the Seventh Indian Infantry Brigade boldly broke through inflicting casualties and taking prisoners in the course of their march over 200 miles of desert in most of which enemy columns were operating. The necessary engineer and other units to carry out the pre-arranged demolition programme in Benghazi had 'per force to be left behind at that place and, it is feared, where unable to affect their withdrawal."

R.A.F. ACTIVE.

The Middle East Air 'communique' on Monday says: "Enemy supply columns in the Misurata, El Agheila and Jedabya areas were effectively bombed by our aircraft during the night of Saturday, January 31, February 1. A number of vehicles were seen to blow up and many others were seriously damaged. Several petrol lorries were set on fire.

AXIS TRANSPORT MACHINE-GUNNED.

During Sunday, February 1 our fighters maintained patrols throughout the day. Enemy transport whenever seen was machine-gunned. Tripoli was raided on the night of Saturday. Many hits were obtained on a motor transport depot where fires were started and one heavy bomb which hit the Spanish fort caused a violent explosion.

On the same night other bombers attacked some enemy naval vessels at Buerat el Hsun. One of two merchant vessels which were torpedoed by naval aircraft during the night of Friday was again sighted the following night. It was stationary and on fire.

RAIDS ON MALTA.

Malta was again raided by the enemy during the night of Saturday and also during Sunday. There was some damage and a small number of casualties.

From all these operations none of our aircraft is missing.—Reuter.

Cabinet Crisis In Egypt

CAIRO, February 2.

The Egyptian Cabinet has resigned.

Critical Naval Situation

Knox Details Production Difficulties For Two-Ocean War

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

"The military situation in respect of both oceans is critical", said the Navy Secretary, Col. Knox, in a statement to Congress discussing the Navy's general policies.

They were having difficulty, he said, in getting twenty-four-hour production for the Navy's tremendously expanded armament programme because manufacturers could induce only about ten per cent of their employees to work during the early morning "dog watch" shifts.

Col. Knox was testifying on the 26,495 Million Dollar Naval Supply Bill. The greatest production bottleneck, he said, was in turning out aero engines. The Navy intended to boost aircraft production to 18,000 annually with funds provided in the Bill which, there was every indication, will be sent to the President before the week-end making a total of 39,000 million dollar authorised appropriations for the war programme with in a month.

LABOUR DIFFICULTY

The aeroplane engine programme had got to be expanded tremendously to keep up with the enlarged programme, said Col. Knox. "We apparently are getting capacity for the bodies of planes faster than we can get engines with which to equip them." The Navy was having "a great deal of difficulty" in finding competent men to keep machines busy all the time.

He said that roughly sixty per cent of the employees of any factory worked on the day shift till three or four in the afternoon thirty per cent worked thence till midnight, but only ten per cent from midnight till the dayshift returned and it was very difficult to get men to work this third shift.

"We are racking our brains", he said, "for methods and plans by which we can enlarge the second and third shifts in order to make a twenty-four-hour use of all machine tools and facilities."

"So far we have been trying to fight a Two-Ocean war with a One-Ocean Navy", said Col. Knox, "and it is going to take time to build up our strength. We must not expect quick results. It is largely a problem of holding on and doing the best we can with what we have, putting every ounce of pressure in order to get more as fast as possible".

The New War Production Board was making progress in getting mills to turn out the type of material most critically needed, but lack of sufficient machine tools still presented a problem.

The present personnel of the Navy was 350,000, said Col Knox, and it was expected to reach 533,000 in 1943 when the Marine Corps would have 104,000 men.

CONSCRIPT LABOUR

Committee member, Senator Holman, said that if sufficient workers could not be found they ought to be conscripted "Since we conscript men to shoot guns, if man whose duty it is to make the gun does not voluntarily produce it, he should also be conscripted and put under military direction to supply the man who hazards his life in the defence of his country.

"I am through with this molly-coddling of the labour racketeer who jeopardises the lives of men who go into combat for us"—Reuter.

Echo Of 'Ark Royal' Disaster

LONDON, Feb. 2.

The Commander of the Aircraft Carrier 'Ark Royal' when she was torpedoed, Captain L. H. Maund will appear before a Naval Court Martial at Portsmouth to-day (Monday) in connection with the ship's loss. The hearing will be 'in camera.'

The court martial proceedings in connection with the loss of the "Ark Royal" which represent the customary form of naval inquiry into loss of warships, are expected to continue until Thursday or Friday. It is expected that a statement on the court's findings will be issued at the conclusion of the proceedings.—Reuter.

CUT OFF ALL SILVER LEGISLATIONS

Morgenthau On America's War Finance

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

The Treasury Secretary, Mr. Morgenthau, giving testimony before the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee on a Bill to finance the Treasury Department for the coming year said that the United States fiscal position was better than in the last war.

He pledged himself to the voluntary, rather than the compulsory, method of borrowing and expressed the belief that Defence Bonds would absorb a considerable portion of workingmen's savings and other forms of Treasury securities would attract unused working capital. Because of the cost to Treasury, Mr. Morgenthau hoped that Congress would strike all silver legislation off the books. —Reuter.

JAPANESE 'PUTSCH' IN BURMA HELD ON SALWEEN BANK

Sporadic Shelling Of Martaban: Raid Alerts In Central Burma: Enemy Troops Bombed

LONDON, Feb. 2.

Imperial troops in Burma, after withdrawing from Moulmein, have so far prevented the enemy from crossing the river Salween and have taken up their defences on the other side of the river, it is stated authoritatively in London.

Sporadic Shelling

BOMBAY: The Army Headquarters 'communique' issued to-night reports that the situation on the Salween Front remains unchanged, says the Rangoon Radio. There has been sporadic shelling of Martaban during the day, but no casualties on our side have been reported.

The R. A. F. 'communique' reports that yesterday evening our bombers successfully attacked enemy troops on an island in the Salween Estuary. All our aircraft returned safely from this operation.

ALERTS IN CENTRAL BURMA

The Civil Defence Department's 'communique' covering the period from 6 a. m. on Saturday to 6 this morning, reports air raid warnings given in many districts in Central Burma, but it is understood that no incidents of any importance occurred during the period, with the exception of an early-morning raid on an aerodrome north of Rangoon yesterday, Sunday. Bombs, apparently aimed at the airfield, started a fire in a small village in the neighbourhood. The 'communique' states that since the war against Japan started, Rangoon and district has been given 53 air raid warnings upto the end of January.

Battle Of Burma Road

RANGOON:—As the battle for the Burma Road with its vital implications for China enters a new phase with the fall of Moulmein, fresh Indian troops have been thrown in to strengthen our line west of the Salween river, says the Associated special correspondent. The Indian troops consisting of Jats, Sikhs, Rajputs, Gurkhas, Punjabis, Dogras and Maharattas are in fine fettle and spoiling for a fight.

The Salween river which has become the new front provides some natural barriers running north from the Gulf of Martaban to the Thai border, thence to the fringe of the southern Shan States. It is broad and is bound to prove difficult for the Japanese to cross in large numbers,

though there are reports that isolated infiltration parties have crossed at various points to jungle country west of the river and have been repulsed by our troops.

Apart from these forays, activity at present has been restricted to shelling and machine-gunning across the river between Moulmein and Martaban.

DECEPTIVE IMPRESSION

Whether the Japantse are now in sufficient numbers to attempt to force a crossing of the Salween is open to question in view of their pre-occupations elsewhere.

Undoubtedly the amazing energy and activity of their troops tends to create a deceptive impression of their real numbers which illusion is assisted by the fact that their patrols are usually armed with automatic weapons and are very mobile.

AIR RAIDS ON SINGAPORE

Allied Artillery Active Against Enemy In Johore Bahru

LONDON, Feb. 2.

Considerable Japanese movements southwards on Malaya mainland and increased enemy air activity over Singapore are reported in a Singapore Communique.

The Tokyo radio admitted the terrific barrage put up by the defenders of Singapore. It is reported that Japanese planes came over several times yesterday over Singapore and dropped mixed loads of bombs and propaganda leaflets.

SINGAPORE:—A Communique issued to-day says: "During yesterday our artillery was active against enemy movement in the Johore Bahru area. Three small craft were engaged by small-arms fire off the coast of the island. One craft was sunk. Air reports show considerable enemy movements southwards on the mainland. Enemy air activity over Singapore has increased throughout the last 24 hours Some damage was caused but military casualties have been slight".

SINGAPORE WILL HOLD OUT

BATAVIA:—By radio-telephone from Reuter's Special Correspondent.

Singapore island will be defended to the last, I learn from authoritative quarters here, where it is hoped that the island fortress will be able to hold out as long as may be necessary for the Japanese assault to be turned. The problem of the island's water supply, which used to come from springs in Johore by pipeline across the now destroyed Johore causeway has been solved, it is stated, and there should be enough water, with rationing, as well as food to meet the requirements of the garrison and civil population indefinitely. Labour which has recently been causing serious difficulties is no longer a problem for the simple reason that there is no longer any great need for labour for military purposes.

From the military, food, water and labour points of view, therefore, there are grounds for the belief that Singapore will be held.

Big Soviet Sweep In Ukraine

TIMOSHENKO GIVES CHASE TO NAZI HORDES

Red Submarine Exploits: Four Enemy Transports Sunk

LONDON, February 2.

In Russia Marshal Timoshenko's forces are continuing their pursuit and 200 villages have been captured.

The main drive of the Russians seems to be on the southern front where Marshal Timoshenko is preparing for a great sweep in the Ukraine.

The defenders of Sebastapol have become more aggressive.

NAZI COMMANDER'S H. Q. BLOWN UP

The Soviet night "communique" states: During February 1 our troops, destroying enemy centres of resistance, continued to advance.

Seven German planes were destroyed on January 31. Our losses were two planes.

General Braun, Commander of the Sixty-Eighth German Division has been killed by Guerillas, according to captured prisoners' statement, says to-night's Soviet "Communique" supplement.

General Braun was killed when Soviet Guerillas mined and blew up the headquarters of the division in Kharkov.

Almost all officers of the headquarters staff were also killed, it was stated

NAZI GENERAL KILLED

MOSCOW:—The German General Drisen, Commander of the Sixty-second German Army Corps has been killed, says a supplement to the midday Soviet Communique.

SUBMARINE SINKS 3 NAZI TRANSPORTS

A Russian submarine after lying in wait outside a German occupied port in northern waters for several days sank three German transports totalling 15,000 tons, the Russian Official News Agency announces

A correspondent with the Northern Russian Fleet says that the submarine had been on watch for several days when the first transport appeared and was torpedoed. The vessel sank in a few moments. The submarine returned to its task of watchful waiting Some days elapsed and then several German vessels were observed leaving port escorted by patrol boats and speedboats. The submarine attacked and sank two transports and then escaped to safety although the Germans dropped some 150 depth charges

The Agency adds that another Russian submarine sank a fourth German transport of about 5,000 tons.

MOSCOW:—The Soviet advance on the southern front continues, states the "Red Star's" war correspondent. Four thousand and nine hundred Germans were killed in the past three days on the Central Front, and 60 localities liberated.

The Russians have occupied the town of Berestovoie about 100 miles west of Taganrog, on the coast of the sea of Azov.

SNIPERS TAKE HEAVY TOLL

Six snipers of a single Red Army unit claim to have killed 329 German soldiers since the outbreak of war, says a Tass Agency message from the Karelian front

GERMAN COMMUNIQUE

A German Communique states in spite of strong blizzards heavy fighting continues in the southern sector of the Eastern front In the Central and Northern sectors numerous enemy attacks were repulsed.

Late News

R.A.F. RAID.

LONDON Feb. 2: An Air Ministry 'communique' issued on Monday night states: "In the course of an offensive over the French coast by our fighters to-day one enemy fighter was destroyed. One of our fighters is missing".—Reuter.

PRINCIPAL JAP TARGET.

CHUNGKING:— Rangoon harbour, the gateway of the Burma Road, China's lifeline, has been the principal target of the Japanese bombers that have been raiding the city, according to a recent arrival here from the Burmese Capital. Material damage, however, had been superficial and the port is now clearing about 1,000 tons of cargo daily, he states.—Reuter.

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Fast Typist preferably knowing Shorthand. Rs. 50 with prospects. Post Box 5016, Bombay. (15728)

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A Straight Deal! Easy Terms! Prompt reply! Loans to approved parties on Personal Bond! Mortgages executed! Capital Investment Company, Bombay Mutual Building, 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Bombay. (15608)

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Wanted Second-hand four-wheeled Bullock Cart, largest size, fitted with Dunlop Pneumatic tyres and accessories, in good condition. Apply D. J. Keymer & Co., Ltd., 2B, Ballard Road, Bombay. (7250)

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AUCTION SALE OF ARMS & AMMUNITIONS ON TUESDAY, THE 3RD, FEBRUARY, 1942 AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).
AT 2-30 P. M. (S.T.)

WEARING APPAREL, FLORIDA WATER, ART SILK GOODS, IMITATION JEWELLERY, CIGARETTE, TOBACCO, etc., etc.

In accordance with Section 167 and 88 of the Sea Customs Act o. 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay. Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 3rd, February, 1942, at the abovementioned time at the New Custom House, Ballard Road, the abovementioned Uncleared and Confiscated Goods belonging to the Government Customs Department.

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Public Notices

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

SECONDARY TRAINING COLLEGE, BOMBAY.

A MEETING will be held at the S. T. College, Bombay, on TUESDAY, 10th February, at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) to consider the formation an OLD STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION. All past and present students and former and present members of the staff are cordially invited to attend.

PRINCIPAL
(7248)

G.I.P.RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipsdore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of Scrap White Metal No. 5 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2|- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 26-2-1942 at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

(7243)

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR GENERAL, COTTON TEXTILES,

Hararwala Building, Wiettet Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR GENERAL of Cotton Textiles invites tenders due for opening on 19-2-42 for the supply of 64,000 pairs of Drawers Cotton Knitted Long of Sizes. Invitations to tender have been issued to all firms registered with this Department as "Approved Contractors" for this Store. Other interested parties may obtain tender forms (No. SYCX-395-EE) either from this office or from the Controllers of Supplies in their area upto 14-2-42. Tenders will be issued free of cost.

(7253)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.

S.D. 30.

LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 16094 in respect of 10 preference shares No. 110562|66 & 118544|48 of Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd. standing in the names of Chhotalal Baloobhai and Pramila Indravadan has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the company at their registered office, Electric House, Post Fort Bombay No. 1 within fifteen days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate temporary receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect hereof.

Dated 27|1|42.

(15730)

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

TENDERS for the annual supplies will be received by the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality for the year 1942-43 ending 31st March, 1943, on or before the dates mentioned above each group.

Tenders should be addressed to the Chief Officer and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant not later than 4 P.M. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelop and the No. of the Schedule and the names of the articles should clearly be stated thereon.

DATE 16-2-1942 MONDAY.

		Earnest Money.	Tender fee.
5	Chlorine Gas Liquid ..	650-0-0	5-0-0
6	Petrol in Bulk	7,000-0-0	10-0-0
7	Asphalt ..	5,600-0-0	10-0-0

DATE 21-2-1942 SATURDAY.

8	Pesterine or Similar Larvicide	700-0-0	5-0-0
9	Disinfectants .	550-0-0	5-0-0
10	Cement Concrete spun pipe for drainage ..	1,750-0-0	10-0-0
11	Spare parts for Ford & Chevrolet and G.M.C. Motor Lorries ..	700-0-0	5-0-0
12	C. I. Articles; Manhole Covers	900-0-0	5-0-0
13	Reinforced Cement Concrete Spun Pipes ..	1,250-0-0	10-0-0

1. The specification and the tender forms can be had from the store keeper on application on Payment in Cash or by money order of the Tender fee as shown against each item. Postal Stamps will not be accepted. They are also obtainable from the Local Self Govt. Institute, Bombay.
2. The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time of opening the tender.
3. The Municipality reserves the right to accept the lowest or any tender or to reject any or all tenders.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
(7252)

Public Notices

SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART

EXHIBITION OF CONTEMPORARY INDIAN ART

Open to the Public F R E E

from the 3rd to 8th February, 1942, inclusive from 11 A.M. to 7 P.M.

(7244)

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVF OFFICER invites applications for temporary posts of Sub-Overseers for Flour Mills under Government control in Northern India.

2. QUALIFICATIONS: — Good general education, preferably experience in the working of Flour Mills, receipt and despatch of stores by railway, and also experience of executive and supervisory work.
3. FAY:—Rs. 150-10-200 (E.B.) 250.
4. Free residential quarters will be given where provided by the Mills. No allowance of any sort will be admissible in addition to pay.
5. The usual Government rules for reserving a certain number of posts for minority communities will apply.
6. Application forms may be obtained from the Chief Administrative Officer, Department of Supply (Purchase Branch), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of Re. 1|- which may be remitted by M.O., or Indian Postal Order. Postage stamps or cheques will not be accepted and application forms will not be sent by V.P.P. Requests for application forms must quote CAO|ADV|17.
7. Last date for receipt of requests for application forms is 11th February, 1942 and the last date for receipt of applications is 21st February, 1942. No travelling allowance will be granted for any journey which may be necessary for interviews in connection with these appointments.

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(7251)

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for supplying from India stock six ceiling fans of 60" sweep, suitable for A. C. single phase 230 volt, 50 cycle supply complete with standard regulator canopy and nine feet drop rod.

56" fan may be offered if the larger size is not available.

Tenders should be addressed to the "Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality", and sent to him so as to reach him on or before 4 P.M. on 12th February, 1942.

The Municipality reserves its right to accept or reject any or the lowest tender.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad, 30th January, 1942.

(7257)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

Petition No. 580 of 1941.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of LALITABAI, widow of Madhavrao Ganpatrao Laud, late of Bombay Gowd Saraswat Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, residing at the time of her death at Alexandra Road, New Gamdevi outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

NARAYAN MADHAVRAO LAUD, of Bombay Gowd Saraswat Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Chawhan Bhuvan, New Gamdevi outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Twenty-sixth day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-two and in the Sixth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

G.G. MAHADEVIA.
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

K. K. DASTUR.

The 26th day of January, 1942.
Messrs. MADHAVJI AND CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(7245)

PRAKASH'S
EPOCH-MAKING PRODUCTION!
Bharat Milap
(HINDI)
BHARAT BHET
(MARATHI)
★
THIS MIGHTY PICTURE WITH BIG CAST HAS CREATED NEW CHAPTER IN THE HISTORY OF FILM INDUSTRY OF OUR NATION
★
Cast:
DURGA KHOTE, SHOBHANA SAMARTH, SHAHU MODAK, PREM ADIB, And Others.
★
Directed by: VIJAY BHATT.
★
Story: V. AUNDHKER
Art Direction: KANU DESAI.
DAILY FOUR SHOWS
11-30 A.M. (MARATHI).
2-45 P.M. & 5-45 P.M. (HINDI).
9 P.M. (MARATHI).
MAJESTIC CINEMA.
EVERGREEN RELEASE.

CAPITOL
Nightly at 6-30 & 9-30
THE ALL-STAR NON-STOP VARIETY REVUE
(Produced under the personal direction of GOGIA PASHA and L. HOLLOSSY)
IN
ADDED ATTRACTIONS!
NEW SURPRISES!
NEW LAUGHS!
PRICES. Rs. 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9.

44 WEEKS "YOUNG"—
Still Going Strong
"KHAZANCHI"
The Most Popular Musical
AT
KRISHNA
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.
ZANANA SHOW
Thurs. 1 p.m.

ZANANA SHOW
Today & on Thurs.
At 1-30 p.m. of
Prabhat's
"SANT SAKHU"
(MARATHI)
19TH WEEK
CENTRAL
Other Shows: 4, 6-45, 9-30

This Popularity Was Never Reached Before!
JHOOLA
BOMBAY TALKIES' Musical Comedy
Daily: 3, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.
Roxy

METRO
DAILY AT 3-15, 6-30, 9-30 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
2ND GLORIOUS WEEK 2ND
THE THRILLING SAGA OF HEROISM!
GARY COOPER
AS
"SERGEANT YORK"
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE.
COMING NEXT SATURDAY
RESTRICTIONS

SHE despised & loved to live a free life and so!
RANJIT'S Musical Extravaganza
BETI
Directed by JAYANT DESAI
Cast: KHURSHID, VASANTI & AROON.
OPERA HOUSE

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
NEW SONGS! NEW LAUGHS!
Free List Suspended.

TULSI
The Love-Story Of "Tulsi" Deserves To Be IMMORTAL!
TO-DAY at 1 p.m.
'ZENANA' Show
'SWASTIK-INDIA'—Release
Tulsi
Held Over 7th Week
NOVELTY
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

REVIVAL OF ANCIENT GLORY
"The past is revived so vividly in "SIKANDAR" that we carry a pleasant memory of our ancient glory of India."
SHRIMATI P. S. KAPADIA
Lady Supdt., Municipal Girls' Schools Ahmedabad
Minerva's Glorious Historical
SIKANDAR
Director:—SOHRAB MODI
22ND WEEK 22ND
MINERVA
To-day—Shows Nos. 488, 489, 490
Daily 3 Shows—4, 7, 9-45 p.m.
(AN EVERGREEN RELEASE)

PREMIERE, NEXT SATURDAY!

NEW THEATRES' Sparkling Tale of MARITAL LIFE
RajaRani
Producer: VANMALA
with
14 Songs & 2 Dances
From Sat. 7th Feb. at
CENTRAL
A 'PEERLESS PICTURES' RELEASE

You can feel ten years younger
"I feel ten years younger!"—so say thousands of men and women who have found new youthfulness and vitality as the result of taking 'Phyllosan' tablets.
If you are beginning to feel that life has lost its zest—start taking 'Phyllosan' tablets to-day! They will revitalize and rejuvenate you, strengthen your nerves, fortify your heart, make you feel ten years younger!
And it is so simple: just two tiny tablets three times a day before meals. But if you take the tablets regularly, the results will astonish you!

Your Favourite Singer
SURENDRA
in his latest and best
AND
ROSE
with all her glamour
in NATIONAL'S
Garib
THE SEASON'S BEST ROMANCE
★
Director: R. THAKUR
★
Producer: MEHBOOB
AT
SWASTIK TALKIES
(PATHE)
DAILY THREE SHOWS:
3, 6 and 9 P.M.

THE BEST SOCIAL IN THE CITY
NEW THEATRES' Unique Screen Hit
DOCTOR
Fourth Successful Week at
NEW WEST END
Time: 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.

SHANTA APTE
AND
CHANDRAMOHAN
Two First-rate Stars appear together after 3 years in
CIRCO PRODUCTIONS
APNA GHAR
(in HINDI and MARATHI)
Directed by India's Greatest Director
DEVAKI BOSE
This Great Social will be released simultaneously at
KRISHNA TALKIES Charni Road AND EXCELSIOR CINEMA Fort
on FRIDAY, 13th February, 1942.
Bookings with FAMOUS FILM CIRCUIT Sandhurst Road - Bombay

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Drink this—you'll like it and it's good for you. Now look at these four steps to your complete Inner Cleanliness and you'll see how Andrews keeps you healthy, cool and refreshed.

FIRST . . Andrews cleans the mouth and tongue.

NEXT . . Andrews settles the stomach and corrects acidity, the chief cause of indigestion.

THEN . . Andrews tones up the liver and checks biliousness.

FINALLY . . To complete your Inner Cleanliness, Andrews gently clears the bowels. It sweeps away trouble-making poisons, corrects Constipation and purifies and cools the blood.

Now that personal health is more important than ever, millions are taking a glass of tonic cleansing Andrews as regularly as their system needs it. Why not take Andrews yourself, and know what a relief it is to keep free of head, stomach, liver and constipation troubles? Andrews is the ideal laxative for everyone, and the same small dose is always effective. Economical to use. Buy a tin today.

For Inner Cleanliness be regular with your

ANDREWS
LIVER SALT
Health Drink and Tonic Laxative

Handy Size As. 11 Family Size Rs. 1/4

79

For the Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

Elasto
REGISTERED
The Wonder Tablet

Take It — and Stop Limping!

LEG aches and pains soon vanish when 'Elasto' is taken. Bad blood and anaemic conditions are quickly overcome, skin troubles clear up, leg wounds become clean and healthy and quickly heal, inflammation and irritation are soothed, piles disappear, rheumatism simply fades away, and the whole system is braced and strengthened. This is not magic, *although the relief does seem magical*; it is the natural result of revitalised blood and improved circulation brought about by 'Elasto,' *the tiny tablet with wonderful healing powers.*

Write NOW for interesting Booklet explaining this new science of Natural Healing — *and make the discovery of a lifetime!* or we will send you V.P.P. a supply of 'Elasto,' with Booklet enclosed, Price Rs. 2-6 or Rs. 4.0 (double quantity), on request.

The Agent, 'Elasto' (Dept. 6E), P.O. Box 258, Bombay. 11041

An English Remedy of Highest Repute

Doctors & Chemists

India Record Syringes Manufactured in India.

Rates: 1 and 2c.c.—6|8|-; 5c.c.—8|8|-; 10c.c—10|8|-; 20c.c.—14|8|-.

EVERY KIND OF REPAIRS OF RECORD SYRINGES UNDERTAKEN

Their Barrels and pistons replaced.

Rates: 1 & 2c.c.—6|2|-; 5c.c.—8|-|-; 10c.c.—9|14|-; 20c.c.—13|6|-.

Rejected all glass Syringes (But their barrels intact) transformed into Record Syringes.

Rates: 1 & 2c.c.—3|-|-; 5c.c.—4|-|-; 10c.c.—5|8|-; 20c.c.—7|-|-.

For further particulars apply to:

THE INDIA SYRINGE WORKS,
MANGALWADI, BOMBAY 4.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 2, 1998
Muslim: Moharrum 16, 1361
Parsi: Shehrever 2, 1311
Sunrise: 7-14 a.m. Sunset 6-31 p.m.
Hightide: 1-14, 13-14. Lowtide: 7-26, 19-09.

Amusements Of The Day

METRO—"Sergeant York" 3-15, 6-30 & 9-30
NOVELTY—"Pulsi" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"It Starts With Eve" 4, 6-30 & 9-30
IMPERIAL—"Ghazki Laj" 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Doctor" 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Lydia" 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Father Takes A Wife" 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Payachi Dasi" 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Prem Veer" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Shadi" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Devdas" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Down Argentine Way" 4-30, 7 & 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Chandan" 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu" 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK TALKIES—"Garib" 3, 6 & 9 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 3, 6-30 & 9-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—All-Star Non-Stop Variety Revue 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar" 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-45, 5-45 and 8-45 p.m.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: The adjourned meeting of the Schools Committee, will be held at the Corporation Hall to-morrow (Wednesday) at 4 p.m. (B.T.).

CHEQUES DELIVERED: Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 30-1-1942 were as under:—Number of cheques—1,06,746. Amount of cheques—17,50,96,682-13-4.

"DOT AND DASH"—8-45 P.M. TO-DAY: Mr. D. F. Karaka will have as his guest for this broadcast on A.I.R., Bombay, Sir Evelyn Wrench, editor of the "London Spectator."

'INDIA AND THE WAR': Public lecture on 'India and the War' by Sir Vithal Chandavarkar at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall to-day at 6-15 p.m. under the auspices of the Kanara Catholic Association. Dr. J. A. Colaco, Mayor of Bombay, will preside.

A.R.P. LECTURES AT WORLI: Mr. R. D. Khade of the St. John Ambulance Association, Sion Centre, Sion will deliver in Marathi a series of eight lectures on "First Aid" at D. D. Chawl No. 52, at 7 p.m. The first of the series will be delivered to-day (Tuesday).

GATHA SOCIETY: A public meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, when Mr. Behramgore Tehmuras Anklesaria, will give a summary in Gujarati of the Vahista Ishti Gatha (Yasna Ha 53).

A. R. P. LECTURE: Under the auspices of the A. R. P. Committee, Santa Cruz, Mr. A. Patterson, Chief Warden, Bombay Suburban District, will deliver a lecture on "Lighting Restrictions", accompanied by demonstration, at the Seth Anandilal Podar High School Hall (Science Room) Santa Cruz, to-day at 6-45 p.m.

SANTA CRUZ CONGRESS COMMITTEE: The Bombay Sub-Dist. Congress Committee has decided to start a Volunteer Corp. to meet the situation of war. It is decided to start a branch of it in Santa Cruz. Shri Bala Saheb Kher, the president of Bombay Sub.-Dist. Congress Committee will have talk with workers at 8 a.m. to-day at Saraswat Colony, Santa Cruz.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION: The lecture of Mr. A. S. Trollip, arranged under the auspices of the Bombay Secondary Teachers' Association, at 5 p.m. on Wednesday, February 4, in the Secondary Training College Hall, has been cancelled as Mr. Trollip is indisposed due to bad throat.

SAROJINI NAIDU'S LECTURE

Sarojini Naidu, who recently succeeded the late Dr. Rabindranath Tagore as President of the All-India Centre of the international P.E.N. Club, will lecture under its auspices on "Literature, the Mirror of Life," to-day (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m.

Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, will preside. The lecture, will be at the Sir Jivanji Modi Hall of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute.

BOMBAY TELUGU FREE LIBRARY: The management of the Bombay Telugu Free Library announce the following donations to the Library:—(1) Dr. B. R. Nayen has donated a new wooden cupboard with 80 books in Hindi in memory of his deceased aunt Mrs. Sayammabai Yeshnol. (2) Mr. Umakant A. Vyavaharkar has donated a collection of 32 useful books on different subjects. (3) Mr. D. T. Kunguikar has donated a new set of leather-bound works of Charles Dickens in 19 volumes.

MUNICIPAL BY-ELECTION

Messrs. Bhalchandra S. Mehta, Mirza Akhtar Hassan and V. B. Karnik have been nominated as candidates for a casual vacancy of a councillor in the Constituency of Registered Trade Unions.

The Poll will be taken on Friday, February 6 from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m. (B.T.) in the Corporation Hall.

CONTEMPORARY INDIAN ART

BOMBAY, Monday.

Opening an exhibition of Contemporary Indian Art at the J. J. School of Art this evening, Lady Blackwell said that the new outlook in Indian art which was evident in the paintings, was quite healthy.

The exhibition displays a collection of paintings executed by the staff and students of the School of Art for the "Gift Book" from the children of Bombay to help the children in the bombed areas of Britain.

Explaining the reasons for organising the exhibition, Mr. C. R. Gerrard, Director of the J. J. School of Art said that there was an ever-growing section of Indian paintings—a section of the School of Art which had shown great progress during the past few years. India was passing through a time of struggle for self-expression and this factor must necessarily influence the art of this generation.

Lady Blackwell, in the course of a brief speech, referred to the "Gift Book" and thanked Mr. and Mrs. Gerrard as also the students and staff members of the J. J. School of Art for providing illustrations to the Book. The idea of the Book had been suggested by Mr. Homi Captain. The total amount collected for being sent to Britain was about Rs. 8,000.

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE:—Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only:

Visit Personally.
SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.)
Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road Opp. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

Bulsar Agiary Dispute

TRUSTEES' RIGHT UPHELD BY HIGH COURT

Priests To Officiate Under Their Control

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Divatia.)

1. Rustomji Burjorji Sanjana
2. Sorabji Rustomji Sanjana— Appellants (Plaintiffs).

v

Ardeshir Pestonji Dhanbhura and Ors.— Respondents (Defendants).

This was a Second Appeal from the decision of the Joint Second Class Subordinate-Judge at Bulsar dismissing the Plaintiffs' suit filed on 28th May 1934 for a declaration to the effect that Defendants 1 to 8 who were the trustees of the Bulsar Parsi Anjuman had no right to remain in possession of or to control, manage, maintain, or administer suit Agiary (Fire-temple) or to appoint a head-priest to perform religious ceremonies therein or to cancel their appointment, and for an injunction restraining the Defendant-trustees from exercising those alleged rights and from admitting Defendant No. 9 in place of the Plaintiffs in to the Agiary for performing religious ceremonies. The District Judge of Surat, Mr. D. V. Vyas in appeal had on 25rd December 1940 confirmed the dismissal of the suit by the trial court. Aggrieved by this dismissal the Plaintiffs, father and son, had approached the High Court in Second Appeal.

The subject of the suit was an Agiary situated in Dastoorji's Mohalla at Nana Parsi Wad in Bulsar. It was originally found by one Jamasp Bhaiji in the 17th century. Thereafter the Agiary fell into ruins and it was regenerated in 1819 by one Seth Hormasji Chinoy, a descendant of Jamasp Bhaiji, the founder, and in 1847 his sons installed the sacred fire in the Agiary rebuilt by their fathers and undertook its management. In 1912 it was again rebuilt by one Navroji S. Gamadia.

At the hearing before His Lordship the Plaintiffs' claim to the Agiary as their private property was given up and the only point really in dispute was—who had the right to appoint Head-Priests and to control and manage this Agiary? After going through the entire evidence as to facts, under Section 103 of the Code of Civil Procedure, His Lordship delivered judgment on Monday.

JUDGMENT.

His Lordship observed that the Plaintiffs had advanced two contradictory theories with regard to the right to appoint Head-Priests. At one place they claimed to have been appointed Head-Priests by their successor while at another place they alleged that the right of appointment was vested in all the members of the Jamasp-Bhaiji family to which the founder of the Agiary belonged. His Lordship stated that one would have expected either of these theories to have been urged in the agreements passed some years back by the Plaintiffs and even by their predecessor. His Lordship stated that in order to prove their case the Plaintiffs had to get over these agreements in which they as well their predecessor had unconditionally acknowledge the right of the Trustees of the Bulsar Parsi Anjuman to the absolute management and control of the Agiary. The Plaintiffs had alleged that these agreements had been obtained from them by fraud but His Lordship observed, "there is no evidence worth the name to prove the Defendants' fraud." His Lordship was of the opinion that the lower courts were right in holding that the Plaintiffs were, under Section 116 of the Indian Evidence Act, estopped from denying the Trustees' title to the Agiary. After reviewing the whole evidence on record His Lordship came to the conclusion that the right of management and control of the Agiary was in the Trustees of the Bulsar Parsi Anjuman ever since the Gahmbar funds vested in the trustees in 1917 pursuant to a scheme framed by the court and not only was there no error of law, but even taking the evidence as it is, the conclusions of both the lower courts are amply supported by the evidence in the case. His Lordship further stated that it was significant that none of the other members of the founder's family had joined the Plaintiffs to make this a representative suit to establish their alleged family right.

His Lordship therefore held that the right to control and management of the Agiary rested with the Trustees of the Bulsar Parsi Anjuman (Respondents 1 to 8) and dismissed the appeal with costs.

Mr. N. H. C. Coyajee with Mr. F. J. Ghadially and Mr. Daruwalla appeared for the Appellants.

Mr. N. P. Engineer with Mr. Pochaji Jamshedji and Mr. N. K. Vakil appeared for the Respondents.

ON THE AIR

TUESDAY FEB. 3.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian Troops in the Far-East. 5 Bijan Ghose Dastidar. 5-15 Faqir Husain. 5-30 Pratap Singh and Party. 5-45 Lakshmi Bai. 6-15 Bande Hasan. 6-30 Round the Ashramas. 2: Talk in Hindustani on Wardha Ashrama. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 The Eternal Russia: 1: The first invasion by Huns: Feature in Hindustani. 8-15 For the Universities: Talk on the Case against Darwinism. 8-30 Bijan Ghose Dastidar. 8-40 Lakshmi Bai. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 9-55 Listening Post: Talk relayed from B B C. 10 Bijan Ghosh Dastidar. 10-20 Lakshmi Bai.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Flute recital. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English 8-25 Ahmad Dilawar. 8-40 Hamid Husain. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 A I R Bhajan Mandali. 9-25 Tulsidas Joshi. 9-35 Kesar Bai Bandodkar. 12-30 p.m. Sindhi Songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Gujarati songs. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School Broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Tulsidas Joshi. 5-20 Rajabhau Sathe. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Ahmad Dilawar. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Tulsidas Joshi. 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 Same in Hindustani. 6-30 Children's Half Hour in Gujarati. 7 March of Science. 3: Talk in Marathi. 7-15 D R Nimbargi. 7-30 Ahmad Dilawar. 7-45 Musavvar-e-Gham: Talk in Hindustani on life and literature of late Allama Rashid-ul-Khairi. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Science Your Servant. 1: Talk in English. 8-45 to 9 Dot and Dash by D. F. Karaka. 9-0 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 Violet Teasdale: Pianoforte. 10-15 Julia Wortmann: Soprano. 10-25 Mehli Mehta: Violin.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Flute recital. 8-10 Rajabhau Sathe. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 D.R. Nimbargi. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1. 12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 6 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 6 Marathi Pad. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Kesar Bai Bandodkar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 A I R Orchestra. 9-15 D.R. Nimbargi. 9-40 Rajabhau Sathe. 9-55 Ahmad Dilawar. 10-15 Kesar Bai Bandodkar.

The infant food with the greatest margin of safety
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endorsed by the medical profession

Central Assembly

OFFICIAL BUSINESS FOR OPENING DAY

NEW DELHI, February 2.

For the opening day of the Central Assembly Budget Session on Wednesday, February 11, official business includes the introduction of two Bills namely Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar's Bill further to amend the Indus Vessels Act, 1863, and Mr. H. C. Prior's Bill further to amend the Indian Boilers' Act, 1932, and reference to a select committee of Mr. Prior's Bill to provide for the grant of weekly holidays to persons employed in shops, commercial establishments, restaurants and theatres.

The Finance Member will move consideration of the Public Accounts Committee's report for 1939/40.—A. P.

Be A LEADER AMONG MEN!

Fly with the - I.A.F.

High up in the skies, you are in independent command; monarch of all you survey.

IN WAR, you wield the supreme weapon that will keep the horrors of the war away from India's helpless millions.

IN PEACE, you lead again, bridging distances, opening international communications, and linking country to country in a common effort to evolve a new world order.

India needs the best of its men, possessing courage, skill and initiative to come forward and join the I.A.F.

QUALIFICATIONS: Sound physique, age between 18 and 26.

EDUCATION: Normal minimum standard is matriculation (pass) or equivalent. Good mathematics, general knowledge and knowledge of current affairs as reported in daily papers and a first-class knowledge of written and spoken English are essential. Preference is given to candidates who possess higher educational qualifications.

OBSERVERS are wanted as well as Pilots. Age 18 to 28. Observers require greater technical knowledge and act as the mind and the sword-arm of the Pilot who is wholly concentrated on flying the air-craft.

THE SKY'S THE LIMIT

JOIN THE
INDIAN AIR FORCE
THE PROGRESSIVE SERVICE

APPLY TO THE OFFICE OF THE NEAREST COMMISSIONER OF POLICE OR THE OFFICE OF YOUR DISTRICT MAGISTRATE OR LOCAL RECRUITING OFFICER.

RHEUMATISM *GET QUICK RELIEF WITH SLOAN'S LINIMENT.*

The sharp pains of your rheumatism can safely and easily be relieved by frequent applications of Sloan's Liniment. Sloan's Liniment gives quick relief, for as soon as it is applied to the affected parts, its soothing warmth penetrates deeply and draws fresh blood to that part of the body. The congestion and pain soon subside. For quick relief, use Sloan's, the world's most popular Liniment — used day and night in 133 different countries.

Be prepared — buy a bottle today. MS 24

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The Bombay Chronicle

THIS PICTURE AND THAT

The Government of India have been rather long in replying to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's remarks on the automobile industry in India nor is the reply at all satisfactory. Referring, early last month, to the report that an American concern was starting some kind of motor plant in Sind Pandit Jawaharlal contrasted Government's attitude towards this venture with their hostility towards an earlier Indian project and remarked: "The whole thing is a fantastic illustration of the hold of foreign vested interests on the Government and their incompetence from a larger point of view not only of India but even of the British requirements." Government now naively state that their consent to the Indian scheme was not at all necessary, though they know full well that in these days a big industrial venture is practically impossible without their consent and help. As the Government of India are supposed to serve the interest of India and as the venture is of considerable help in war, its promoters naturally expected every possible help from Government. But even the most essential help was not given. Nay, though the Congress Ministry had, before the war, provisionally offered to guarantee interest, on the capital invested, subject, of course, to some agreed stipulations, the new Government refused to confirm the offer unless the scheme could be described as a contribution to war effort. The Government of India would not recognise the scheme as contributing to war effort. And the scheme fell through.

Government's Blunder

Government now state that their reasons for not recognising the scheme as war help have already been repeatedly given publicity. They may have been; but they have satisfied none, if they satisfied Indian members of Government. It is impossible for any sensible person to believe that in a country of vast distances any vehicle for quick transport is not a war necessity. Contrasting the Government of India's decision in this matter with that of the Australian Government, Dr. J. C. Ghosh, Director, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, remarked in his recent lecture on War Effort and Our Key Industries, delivered at the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay: "Australia which has a better realistic appreciation of the world situation decided otherwise. Immediately on the declaration of the war, the Australian Government passed a Motor Vehicle Bounty Act which provided for a bounty of 11/2 million pounds for the first 60,000 automobiles manufactured in the country—mark, manufactured and not assembled. We talk today of heroic Russian resistance. This would have been impossible if Russia had not started manufacturing automobiles in 1933, and produced automobiles at the rate of 200,000 a year in 1938". India is nowhere in the picture, thanks to the present constitutionally irresponsible Government of India, who committed a blunder, if nothing worse, in not helping the Indian scheme and who still persist in the blunder.

National Govt., Only Remedy

As regards the proposed installation in Sind of an automobile assembly plant, Government state that the position has been "fully explained" by the Secretary of State in reply to a question in Parliament. Mr. Amery's defence of the American scheme in Sind is that it is only one of assembling parts. The Indian scheme doubtless goes further and beginning with assembling parts, gradually proceeds to manufacture here almost all the parts at an early date. It is, therefore, an improvement on the American scheme and deserves more help from an Indian Government, particularly in the present circumstances when it is risky to depend entirely upon foreign automobiles. What Australia has done—sometimes against the wishes of Britain—India could have done and can still do. In a recent letter to the "Times" of London Sir Alexander Roger stated: "In Australia as far back as 1935 a group of able business men, foreseeing the danger of Japanese aggression, determined to set up a great steel industry with ancillary manufacturing activities. This was done against the advice of the authorities in this country. It was not done for the sake of commercial gain alone. Indeed, in one or two directions such as aircraft and air engine production, services were given free, and it was agreed that no profit should be made. How many people here know that by the latter part of 1941 the thousandth aeroplane had been built and flown in Australia?" Many here know why India is not able to do a fraction of what Australia has done thoug she is capable of doing at least ten times as much. Indeed, the people here are so filled with a sense of fraustration at almost every step that they feel there is no salvation for them unless and until the present Government are replaced by one wholly national and responsible to the people.

Tilak Vidyapith

In his convocation address to the Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapith on Sunday Mr. Bhulabhai Desai paid a deserved tribute to this worthy off-shoot of the great non-co-operation movement of 1921. In the present conditions the scope of national education has, of course, much altered. But the Vidyapith, while conducting experiments in basic education, is doing notable service in imparting instruction in the Ayurvedic system of medicine. As the system is now recognised by the Bombay Government, the Vidyapith will, we are confident, show what its tradition of disinterested service in the cause of national education can achieve And we trust, too, that the institution, which is one of the worthiest memorials to Lokamanya Tilak, will never lack financial or other assistance from the public.

Referring to the Vidyapith's efforts to popularise Hindustani under the Wardha scheme, Mr. Desai said: "Let our children be educated in primary education through the local provincial languages and in the secondary through the common language of India, that is the Rashtra Bhasha." This will no doubt be better than giving secondary education through the medium of English. But from the educational point of view the mother-tongue is the best medium even for higher education. It is particularly so for secondary education. Nor is it the aim of the Wardha scheme or the Congress to make Hindustani a medium of instruction except where it is the mother-tongue. The Congress only wishes that every Indian acquires at least a working knowledge of Hindustani. When this stage has been fairly reached it will be possible for some all-India institutions to impart advanced instruction in Hindustani in preference to English. But for the present the Congress regards the mother-tongue as the best medium of instruction for all grades of education.

U. S. Naval Raid

After weeks of mystery as to its plans and whereabouts, the American Asiatic Fleet or at least a part of it emerged into activity by violently appearing in the midst of the Marshall and Gilbert groups of islands over 2,000 miles south-west of Hawaii and Midway between Hawaii and Australia. And it was quite a successful appearance, too, in many important respects. The raiding warships and planes did not find any large enemy combatant vessels but they worked great destruction in several islands on auxiliary vessels, naval and air bases, aircraft, port installations, shore batteries and so on. And they achieved these results with the loss only of 11 planes and slight damage to two of their surface vessels.

But material damage inflicted upon Japan's advance bases is not the only achievement of the raid. It must bring moral encouragement and reassurances to Australia which must have been wondering when and how the U.S.A. was going to discharge its obligations regarding the protection of what is called the "Anzac Area." Most important of all, because of its potential influence on the entire Pacific situation, the raid shows, at least we hope so, that the American fleet has at last begun operations in right earnest. But, at best it is only a small beginning. And it will be unsafe to assume yet that the second phase of the naval war in the Pacific has actually begun. This phase, however, must begin soon because it is urgent that the Japanese supply lines which alone have enabled Japan to launch so many widely separated land expeditions and sustain them with conspicuous success, should be seriously challenged, if not cut, without much loss of time.

Frankly Speaking

The Libyan Battle

General Rommel is continuing to exploit his successes well. After capturing Benghazi he pressed on to Barce and by Saturday he had progressed a further 25 miles to the east. It is now clear that his counter-offensive is a large scale serious affair and that he has been reinforced so adequately that he may well be planning to press on to the Egyptian border itself, if possible Something more than a fighting retirement on the part of the British forces is, therefore, called for now. A British recovery is possible, too. They have had more than a week for reorganisation. Their forces are quite intact, the losses in men and material being relatively very light. And their lines of communications are more convenient for them than are Rommel's for him. Let us hope that the front is at least stabilised soon and somewhere to the west, not east of Tobruk. Then the Libyan will become a "festering sore" upon the Germans and a fairly "profitable transaction".

Japanese In Burma

The Japanese are determined to exploit to the utmost and in every direction the initiative that they hold. The lull on the Burma front, for instance, did not last long and a few days ago they resumed their advance and captured Moulmein after a fierce fight. Moulmein is not only an important town but is also a port and air base. Its capture by the Japanese, therefore, constitutes, a bad loss for the British. Now, the British have withdrawn to the west bank of the Salween river. The river constitutes a good natural barrier and recent reports suggest that the British are rapidly consolidating their position on it. Let us hope that they do so effectively.

Fall Of Pontianak

Meanwhile, the Japanese have gained an important success in the capture of Pontianak, capital of Netherlands West Borneo. This brings them within continuous and easy striking distance by air to Batavia itself. It is even suggested that they may now try to capture the two small islands situated south-west of Borneo and threaten both Sumatra and Java with actual invasion. The Japanese cannot be ejected from Borneo but their progress southwards can be checked if General Wavell gets good air support. It is a big "if."

Wanted Silver Tokens

In his presidential address at the silver jubilee of the Thakersey Indian Women's University on Sunday Sir Sarvapalle Radhakrishnan eloquently described the ideal service women can render to humanity and civilisation. The University aims at enabling Indian women to render precisely such service. It is no wonder, therefore, that tributes of praise are pouring in from all directions on the University on this great occasion of its silver jubilee. And everyone of these is pre-eminently deserved. The tributes will be more serviceable if they are accompanied with silver or gold tokens of appreciation. The University urgently needs Rs. 5 lakhs to put its finances on a sound footing. That amount should be very soon subscribed if it is not already subscribed. The University is the only one of its kind in India, and every Indian must deem it his privilege and duty to do his bit for its growth.

The Penguin Wavell

Published as a Penguin Special are the Lees Knowles Lectures of General Wavell, delivered by him at Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1939. There is a foreword by General Sir John Dill, in which he says: "When General Wavell delivered these lectures not one in a hundred of his fellow-countrymen had even heard of him. To-day there is not one in a million who has not." The lectures are on "Generals and Generalship"? Among the physical attributes of a General, Wavell count courage, health, youth. "Personal appearance we need not worry about; an imposing presence can be a most useful asset, but good generals, as they say of good racehorses, 'run in all shapes.'" Wavell believes that a good young general will usually beat a good old one and that a man has to have the natural qualities of leadership which no amount of study or learning can give him. Among his mental qualities, he should have what the French call 'le sens du practicable' Commonsense, knowledge of what is and what is not possible based on a knowledge of topography, movement and supply. The pamphlet makes interesting reading. It is simple in style and in view of General Wavell's accomplishments, it is even more interesting than it would ordinarily have been.

ORGANISE PRODUCERS' CO-OPS.

Jawahar Urges Need For Sound Organisation To Meet Crisis Coming Out Of War

GORAKHPUR, Feb. 2.

Addressing a crowded meeting held in the premises of the D. A. V. high school with Mr. Singhasan Singh, M.L.A., in the chair, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru reiterated his faith in the establishment of peace in the world only when all the nations in the world became independent and were grouped together in a World Federation constituted of smaller Federations of Nations. He thought that the existence of Empires was no longer possible in the future.

The present war had abundantly demonstrated that nations could not stand by themselves. Britain could only maintain its independence, if it was linked with America or Europe. Even if India achieved independence it could not maintain it standing apart and it will have to link itself with other countries. India and China had been friends for thousands of years. There were many points of difference between Russia and India, still both had to learn a great deal from each other. Even with Britain India did not have to quarrel indefinitely and an independent India would create friendship with the whole world.

WAR WILL END IN TWO YEARS

Pandit Nehru believed that the present war could not continue longer than two years, but before it came to an end it would have worked mighty changes in the world and brought about a revolution. The war, he asserted, was meant to create a new world. He did not think that any big invasion from any side was likely on India.

Reverting to the situation in India the Pandit said the British Empire had been faced with grave dangers, but there had been no change in the policy of the British Government towards India. Pandit Nehru said that it was foolish to indulge in tall talk today. It could not be foretold which nations would rise and which would fall. If India had strength she could rise to freedom. So far as the Congress was concerned it would resist, in its own way any Power which would dare to invade and enslave India.

The problem before them was as to how they could establish unity and guard the country against internal disorder. They had to quell internal differences and stop communal fanaticism for good.

THIS TALK OF PARTITION

He wondered how Muslim League talked of partitioning India and forming a separate Muslim block, when some Islamic countries, which were separate Muslim blocks, had lost their freedom. Those who talked of such partition had closed their eyes and ears to the happenings in the world and had refused to take lessons from the war. He also wondered how a Muslim block in India could stand by itself, when in the present day world big nations could not stand alone.

Although there was no possibility of any big invasion on India from any side, the war had come to the very gates of India and Indians had to keep themselves prepared for it. He asked the public not to get panicky or they would lose their strength.

The war had already started affecting them and would continue to do so. Things were selling much dearer. In the near future due to curtailment in goods trains it might become difficult for them to get their requirements in foodstuffs and clothes even from other places in India. He, therefore, urged that three or four villages should join together and produce foodstuffs, cloth and other articles or requirements enough to spare for towns and cities.

The Congress had already been vigorously urging the use of Khadi and Charkha, but if Indians did not realise its importance even to-day they were doomed to serious difficulties. He urged organisation of cottage industries, which would not only meet their necessary requirements, but decrease the pressure on land.

SOUND ORGANISATION.

The public had also to guard against internal disorders. They must organise volunteer corps on a sound footing not to quarrel with the Government or to perform military drills, but for the sake of 'Sangthan'. Each village should have a responsible person who would look to these constructive works and keep the Congress in touch with the conditions of the villagers, could give them sound advice on important matters and could allay panic.

In this constructive programme, Congress was prepared to join hands with the Muslim League and the Hindu Sabha, but it would work on peaceful lines and according to Congress policy and discipline.

Pandit Nehru made it abundantly clear that this 'Sangthan' was not meant to fight with the Government or to increase the prestige of the Congress, but it solely aimed at the service of the masses at the needful hour.—A. P.

FORGE CONGRESS-LEAGUE PACT

Appeal To "C. R." To Take Lead

MADRAS, Feb. 2.

A plea that the Congress and the League should soon join hands and resolve the political deadlock in the country was made by a number of speakers at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Madras Presidency Muslim League.

The Hon. Syed Mohamed Padsha, President of the Provincial League, who presided, characterised the continuance of the present deadlock as suicidal to the best interests of the country and said: "May it not be said that the politicians let the country down by creating a political stalemate in an hour of supreme crisis in its history.

The need of the hour is a stroke of bold and wise statesmanship to solve the political puzzle and this noble gesture has to come from within ourselves and not from Whitehall."

The Congress, he said, must make an earnest attempt to bring about a settlement with the League. Any other attempt to get things done by appeals to Britain without consulting the Muslims was doomed to fail. No unilateral declaration from Britain would solve the issue and no declaration from Britain had any chance of success unless based on an understanding between the two major political parties in India.

The Muslim League had no desire to deprive others of their rights. Muslims stood by Pakistan as the permanent solution for India's constitutional problem and they would not allow their identity to be obliterated by their being relegated to the position of an All-India minority in any unitary constitution for the whole country. The League wanted the principal political elements in the country to come together and hammer out a constitution.

PLEA TO "C. R."

Maulana Abdul Latif Farooqui, who moved a resolution endorsing the Nagpur decision of the League Working Committee, said that the time had come when the Congress and the League should come to an immediate settlement. At a time when India was in danger they could not afford to be disunited. They should realise that the responsibility for the defence of the country lay on the people of India. If Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, who held a prominent position in the Congress, should make an earnest effort to bring about Hindu-Muslim understanding, then the speaker was sure there would be a complete change in the present situation. He, therefore, appealed to Mr. Rajagopalachariar to make an effort in this direction.

"This public meeting of the Muslims of Madras expresses its emphatic opinion that the resolutions passed by the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League at Nagpur on the constitutional issue faithfully and accurately reflect the views and natural aspirations of Muslim India and warns the British public and the Government that any departure from the policy and solemn declaration of August 8, 1940, in such a way as adversely to affect the demand of Pakistan or any action taken on the basis of a Central Government with India as one single unit and the Muslims as an All-India minority, will be strongly resented by the Muslims, who will be compelled to resist it with all the force at their command."—A.P.

Headlong Japanese Thrusts Hurled Back

Battle For Batan Continues: Big American Naval Raid Takes Heavy Enemy Toll

WASHINGTON, February 2.

Headlong thrusts by the Japanese along the west coast of the Batan Peninsula were repulsed with heavy losses by General MacArthur's troops.

BIG NAVAL RAID

United States warships and planes executed a large scale raid on Japanese naval and air bases on Marshall Islands, Makin Island in Gilbert Group.

Many Japanese fleet auxiliaries were sunk, beached or damaged.

Japanese military shore installations were hit hard from the air and by shell fire.

Many Japanese planes were destroyed in the air and on the ground. Eleven American planes were lost.

EXTENSIVE DAMAGE INFLICTED

HONOLULU, Feb. 2.

Extensive damage has certainly been inflicted on Japanese island bases in the Pacific, declared Admiral Chester Nimitz, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Pacific Fleet, commenting to-day on the American naval raid. Admiral Nimitz emphasised "the vigorous action of the American Commander in pushing the attack home". He added: "Our losses were slight."

Admiral Nimitz said: "The task was carried out by vessels of all combat types and the successful operations were in accordance with pre-arranged plans. I am greatly pleased with the performance of all units. I regret that further details of the action cannot now be disclosed".

LARGE-SCALE RAID

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

The Navy Department Communique announced "A largescale raid" by sea and air units of the United States fleet upon Japanese naval and air bases in Marshall Islands (including Wotje Island) and Makin Island in the Gilbert Group of the British mandated Islands occupied by the Japanese.

The full text of the Navy Depatrment Communique reads: "A surprise attack has been made upon Japanese naval and air bases in Marshall and Gilbert Islands. The attack was executed by surface and air units of the United States Pacific fleet.

In Marshalls, bases on the Islands of Jaluit, Wotje, Kwajalein Roi (in Kwejale Atoll) Taroa, (in Maloelap Atoll) were raided.

Mins Island occupied by the Japanese since December 7, 1941 also was attacked.

Admiral Nimitz reports that while no large enemy combatant vessels were found many enemy fleet auxiliaries were sunk beached or otherwise damaged extensively.

Japanese military installations on the shore were hit hard by naval aviation units and shellfire.

Many air planes were destroyed both on the ground and in the air.

Our naval aircraft struck enemy positions and ships with bombs, torpedoes and guns and our surface ships, meanwhile, heavily bombarded several of the enemy's key shore positions.

AMERICAN LOSSES

Two of our surface vessels received minor damage from near bomb misses.

Eleven American aircraft failed to return from the attack.

Our total personnel losses are not yet known but are believed to have been slight.

There is nothing to report from other areas."

Marshall Islands, whereof there are 24, first came under German rule in 1885 and were mandated to Japan with two other groups north of the equator by the Versailles Treaty.

They are known to have been extensively fortified by the Japanese since they came into Tokyo's possession.

Sixteen Islands of the Gilbert group were seized by the Japanese early in the Pacific war. They lie on the equator 1,000 miles south of Marshall Islands. They have a population of some 30,000 including less than 100 Europeans.

These Japanese bases in the Pacific Islands were compared by a former Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Navy to "natural aircraft carriers". They contain innumerable hidden lagoons from which seaplanes could operate on the strategic Pacific routes.

Batavia Reaction

BATAVIA:—The news of the American action against Marshall Islands has caused a deep impression here. There is no desire to overestimate its importance from a strategical point of view, but it is felt that psychologically its effect is great. Well-informed circles here, however, doubt whether any alteration in the Japanese fleet dispositions is likely immediately—at least not as the result of this one counterstroke alone.—Reuter.

JAPANESE OCCUPY PONTIANAK

Raids On Indies Islands: Heavy Rains In Java: Batavia In Floods

LONDON, Feb. 2.

Rains has been coming down in torrents in West Java during the past few days, according to the Batavia radio to-day. Batavia is flooded at several points. Roads have been transformed into rivers and cars turned into motor launches.

BATAVIA:—Monday's Batavian 'communique' states: "During the last twenty-four hours moderate enemy air activity took place in various parts of the Archipelago. Some aerodromes were machine-gunned.

In Campong on one of the small islands four persons were killed and several others wounded.

Guerilla warfare in Minahasa continues.

An air attack took place at Poso (Central Celebes). One person was killed and four slightly wounded.

Increased air activity has been observed round Banka.

From an unconfirmed report it has been concluded that Pontianak has been occupied by the Japanese. During the fight a flying boat of the Royal Netherlands Navy shot down a Japanese fighter. The flyingboat was slightly damaged".—Reuter.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Praise of the Italian Black Shirts, "who have been tried in Africa, Spain, Greece and Russia in the fire of so many victorious battles," was the theme of a short speech delivered by Mussolini at to-day's military parade in commemoration of the 19th anniversary of the Fascist Militia.

—Rome Message.

* * *

Members of the National Defence Council are to tour Northern India including the North-West Frontier Province, says a New Delhi report.

Considering the time and the situation, the direction chosen for them is quite interesting, isn't it?

* * *

Mr. Hutchins, Government of India Agent in Burma, affirms that "whatever work is being done in Rangoon to-day is being done by Indian merchants and Indian labour."

India gladly acknowledges this tribute—with India's apologies to the Governments of India and Burma, the Secretary of State for India and Burma and to Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai.

* * *

Doctor Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, insists that "the Congress represents neither the Hindus nor the Muslims".

Dr. Naidu must soothe his anger down. Congress is quite content with representing Indians.

* * *

In a statement to the press, Mr. S. Satyamurti effectively criticises Mr. Churchill's last two speeches on the general war situation.

We were wondering where Mr. Satyamurti was and what he was doing.

* * *

Communists and Congress Socialists are reported to have engaged in a free fight at Cawnpore the other day.

The point at issue, of course, was whether or no the present war is a people's fight.

* * *

According to a Cairo communique "our troops were engaged west of Marua" on Saturday last.

Personally, we would like our troops to be engaged west of Benghazi on Saturday next.

* * *

United States warships and planes are announced to have executed a large scale raid on several Japanese occupied islands in south-west Pacific.

Good—provided better is in the offing.

* * *

After the Sunday meeting of the Australian Cabinet, Mr. Forde announced that "important defence decisions had been taken".

We hope they were not intended to cause offence to Mr. Churchill.

* * *

Major General Hans Goerg Hofmann, Chief Group Leader of Nazi Brownshirts, has died of heart failure.

Who failed his heart, Himmler or Hitler himself, is, however, not yet known.

* * *

Manager (to neglected diner): "Can you identify the waiter who started serving you, sir?

Diner (indicating plate): "Well, we've got his finger-prints."

Big Anglo-U. S. Loan To China

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

President Roosevelt has asked Congress to approve a 500 million dollar loan to China.

The 500 million dollar loan to China, which President Roosevelt is asking Congress to approve is to bolster China's war efforts against the Axis.

Mr. Stephen Early, the Presidents Secretary, revealed that the Treasury Secretary, Mr. Morgenthau, and the Federal Loan Administrator, Mr. Jesse Jones, conferred with Congressional leaders of both parties on Saturday and presented President Roosevelt's request for legislation to authorise the loan. Mr. Early said that Congressional leaders were entirely in accord with the proposal and the speaker Mr. Rayburn is to have a formal resolution introduced in the House to-day.

BR. LOAN TO CHINA.

LONDON:—The British Government have informed the Chinese Government of their willingness to lend up to fifty million sterling for war purposes. The British Government are willing to make available to China all munitions and military equipment possible for them to supply under the Lease and Lend arrangement.

BOMBAY:—Today's Chinese war communique reports that the Chinese are continuing their mopping-up operations along both banks of the East River in South Kwangtung, says the Chungking radio. Following the Chinese re-occupation of Poklo last Friday evening, the enemy has sustained additional losses as the Chinese have been relentlessly pursuing the enemy remnants towards Shekiung to the west. At one point, the Chinese took thirty prisoners plus large quantities of war booty, including two light artillery pieces and many rifles as well as machine-guns.

JAP ATTACKS REPULSED

On the North Kiangsi front, in Central China, fighting has been continuing unabated in the Nanchang area At Fen-cheng-Hsein, west of the former Provincial capital, an enemy detachment was held in check, while in the villages in the south-west several Japanese attacks were repulsed with casualties on Sunday afternoon.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay: February 2.

On Saturday London markets were closed. London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03¼ at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London Spot and Forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d and 23 9/16d respectively. New York spot silver was f unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3 and forward parity was Rs 62/12/6. The local market was very steady with improved demand for Gold while silver was quietly steady with a moderate turnover.

Quotations were as under: Gold Silver

Ready .....Rs. 47 7 0 70 0 0
Mahs .....Rs. 47 1 0 64 12 0
Sovereigns: Rs. 32/3.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: February 2

There were no important fluctuations today on the market and prices continued to move around previous closing levels. Tata Deferreds moved between 1585 and 1597/8 and Tata Ordinaries between 295 and 299. In textiles Bombay Dyeings were finally quoted at 1107/8. Indian Irons were unchanged at 26/4.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1590) 1590 1585 1597/8. Tata Ordinaries (297) 298 296 299. Indian Iron 26/4. Steel Corporation of Bengal 15/6. Bombay Dyeing 1107/8. Central India 330. Century 357/8. Gokak 229/12. Kohinoor 460. Simplex 180. Andhra Valley 1670. Tata Hydro 171/14. Tata Power 1580. Associated Cement 187. Belapur 228/12. Bombay Burma Old 310.

Bombay Stock Exchange Closed

Bombay: February 2.

The local Stock Exchange remained entirely closed for settlement purposes to-day

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: February 2.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 2 months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 four months.
T. C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 6/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4; D D Rs. 333 3/4.
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 330 1/2.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2: 3 1/2.
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 303 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 298 3/4.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47.
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 58
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62.
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40.
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 157 1/2; D D Rs. 157 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 153
Cross Rates Sh. 2/3 15/16; 2/4
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pcs 19.5 21.5
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nominal; D D Esc 7.36 nominal.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 9/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
1 to 2 months 1/2 per cent.
3 to 5 months 3/4 per cent
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy

Calcutta Share Bazar

Calcutta: February 2.

A though business continued on a very restricted scale the undertone continued steady after the week-end.

Government Securities: 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 95/3 s lot, 3 per cent Punjab Loan 1952 97/5.

Banks: Reserve Bank 103.

Cottons: Bowreah (A Pref) 220 s lot; Cawnpore Textiles 8/11. New Victoria ord 4/12.

Coals: Benzal 366 s lot.

Jutes: Agarpara 38/14 ct. Bally 220 s lot. Gouripore 075 s lot. Gouripore pref 145. Hukumchand pref 139/8 s lot. Kamarhatty 467. Kelvin 475 s lot. Meghna 57/8.

Miscellaneous: Indian Copper 2, Rhodesia Copper annas 11, Assam Bengal Cement ord 12/6. Alkali and Chemical ord 20/9. Cuttack Elec 12/4 s lot, Mozafferpore Elec 13/8, Indian Steel and Wire Products Conty 7 ct, B I Corporotion ord 4/15, Indian Cables 20/4 Bohtas Industries pref 155, Titaghur Paper ord 19

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

Bombay: February 2.

The following rates prevailed in the market on 2nd February, 1942:—

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY VAIDAS, APRIL/MAY 1941/42

11 a.m. (B.T.) .....Rs. 201/0
12-30 p.m. (B.T.) .....Rs. 205/0
1-30 p.m. (B.T.) (Settlement) .....Rs. 204/8
4-30 p.m. (B.T.) .....Rs. 204/8
April/May Highest .....Rs. 205/12
April/May Lowest .....Rs 200/12

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: February 2.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Java ready from Bond Rs 18.
Indian Sugars Ready—Ordinary Rs. 18/6 to 18/12. Large grain Rs 18/12 to 19/8. Buland Rs. 19/12. Chinai Lisa Rs. 30/8.
Bombay Group March delivery Rs. 13/14.
Tone:—Steady.

AMERICAN COTTON WEEKLY STATISTICS (in 1,000's)

New York: January 30.

	Season to-date	This Season week.	1940-41
Forwarded to American mills including other America (excluding linters)	5,697	216	5,308
Stocks at U.S. Ports	3,290		
Receipts at U.S. Ports	2,863	114	2,694

SEEDS MARKET CLOSED

Bombay: February 2.

The local Seeds Market remained closed to-day as a mark of respect to the death of a member.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: February 2.

Following a decline of 38 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 206 for Broach A/M but under various rumours of acreage reduction and other constructive measures, the market opened very steady at Rs. 204/8 for Broach A/M and declined to Rs. 202/12. At this level there was moderate buying and prices advanced to Rs 204/12

The market was quietly steady for a long time and prices steadied at Rs. 204. Later on there was general buying and prices hardened to Rs. 206. Option dealers were buying with professional support, but at this level there appeared scattered realising and prices sagged to Rs. 205. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May .....Rs. 204/0
BROACH July/August .....Rs. 211/0
OOMRA March .....Rs 159/0
OOMRA May .....Rs. 162/8
OOMRA July .....Rs. 166/8
BENGAL March .....Rs. 129/0
BENGAL May .....Rs. 132/0
BENGAL July .....Rs. 135/0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: February 2.

F. P. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 31-1-42	2862000	2699000
Receipts yesterday 31-1-42	9000	5000
Export to date 19-12-41		585000
Stock at Ports 30-1-42	3290000	3471000
Stock at interior towns 9-1-42		3308000
Quantity in sight 19-12-41		6908000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: February 2.

	Old.	Ready.	Feb.
Bengal Fine	119/22	129/34	.....
Berar	133/38	160/62	.....
C. P. 1	153/58	188/89	.....
C. P. 2	138/43	168/69	.....
Khandesh	103/8	120/21	.....
Muglai	110/13	130/33	Fine
Broach	123/26	.....	—6
Broach Low	103/13	.....	.....

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: February 2.

	Extra Spr-fine.	Sup. Fine.	F.	G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	132	129	126	123	
M G Punjab	132	129	126	123	
M G Rajputana	136	135	132	129	
M G Oomra No. 3	159	156	153	150	...
M G C. P. No 1	...195	192	189	186	...
M G C. P. No. 2	...172	169	166	163	...

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: February 2.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY	In full-pressed bales. 31-1-42.	Since 1st Septr.	
Khandesh	138	44,713	59,903
Central India	654	14,641	56,863
Barsi and Nagar	150	34,814	58,794
Hyderabad/Gaorani		5,504	20,268
Berar	580	113,682	199,308
Central Provinces	393	49,275	34,130
Total Oomras	1,915	262,629	428,266
Dholeras	200	17,772	26,238
N.-W. Provinces		1,021	757
Rajputana		378	2,684
Sind-Punjab	5,191	264,035	247,592
Broach	4,922	12,293	12,902
Coompta and Dharwar		6,478	27,991
Westerns-Northerns	52	6,137	28,939
Cocanado			239
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	89	8,860	522
Total	12,369	572,353	777,030
Arrived by road to 29th Jan. 1942		57,500	122,250

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay: February 2.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: February 2.

Yarn No	February	April	June
6 1/2s	218	217	216
10 1/2s	336	337	336
20 1/2s	362	325	317
40s	530	525	520

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

TFJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay: February 2.

Wheat May	0 6 6
Linseed May	0 11 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 14 0
Gold 2nd settlement	0 14 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below May 1,094 cent pts at ex. 331.
Broach J/A below July 1,077 cent pts at ex. 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

Bombay: January 31.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 3 p.m.
Broach A/M	201 3/4	199 1/4	201 3/4
Broach J/A	209	206 1/2	209
Oomra Mar	157 1/4	154	157 1/4
Oomra May	160 1/2	156	160 1/2
Oomra July	164 1/4	161 1/2	164 1/4
Bengal Mar.	129	126 1/2	129
Bengal May	132 1/4	130	132 1/4

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay: February 2.

Copper sheets lb. 21—Rs. 108, 28—106, 35—105, 42—104, 49-56—102

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21—Rs. 110, 24—103, 28—103, 35—96, 42—96, 49-56—95.

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 70. Rosita Rs. 68. Country make Rs 56. Pigiead 'B.M.' refined closed.

Tin Ingot Penang closed.

SETTLEMENT RATES: Copper sheets Chaitra Rs. 104/8. Pigiead 'B.M.' closed. Tin Ingot Penang closed.

Market Tone:—Steady.

PEPPER AND GINGER

Bombay: February 2.

Pepper ready	107	0	0
Chaitra Sud 15	113	8	0
Jeth Sud 15	115	0	0
Ginger ready	50	0	0
Chaitra Sud 15	52	0	0

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: February 2.

Linseed May	9	2	9
Wheat May	6	14	6

Piecegoods & Yarn

Bombay, Jonuary 30

PIECEGOODS

Grey, Unbleached.—	Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Longcloth (Standard Quality)	,,	1	3	2
Longcloth (Fine Quality)	,,	1	14	6
Shirtings	,,	1	1	10
Shirtings (Vegetable Quality)	,,	1	2	0
Leopard Cloth	,,	1	2	3
Dhoties (upto 1/2" nakhi Border)	,,	1	3	0
Dhoties (Calcutta, 5/8" P.B.)	,,	1	12	0
Drills	,,	1	1	6
Domestics	,,	1	2	0
Domestics	,,	1	2	8
Salita	,,	1	3	0
Chadars	,,	1	3	6
White Bleached.—				
Longcloth per piece		22	8	0
Drill ,,		15	7	0
Yarn.—				
4s (All Waste) per lb		0	7	0
6 1/2s (All Waste) ,,		0	7	2
8 1/2s ,,		0	9	9
10 1/2s ,,		0	10	7
12 1/2s ,,		0	10	11
16s ,,		0	15	1
20s ,,		1	0	4
32s ,,		1	8	0

HEAVY GENERAL SELLING IN NEW YORK MARKET

Roosevelt Favours Release Of Loan Cotton

MILL PRICE-FIXING AND COVERING

Bombay: February 2.

On Saturday there was a sharp decline of over 50 pts in New York cotton prices influenced by President Roosevelt's announcement that Government-owned cotton and other commodities should be released to the war production agencies. There was heavy general selling and prices declined but towards the close there was some support, chiefly from price-fixing and short covering.

At the opening March was 18 pts down at 18.75 and improved to 18.77, which was the highest level. Thereafter there appeared heavy selling and March declined to 18.41, which was the lowest. The market closed at a net decline of 38 to 67 pts. Spot cotton prices declined 39 pts at 20.10c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 55 to 59 points. Spot cotton prices closed 57 pts down at 18.95c per lb.

WEEKLY REVIEW

After touching a new high level the market plunged down sharply on indications that the Department of Agriculture would combat excessive rises above parity Leading spot merchants hedged upwards 100,000 bales against Government releases. According to the Exchange Service Bureau the ceiling may be 22.70, which is calculated on 1919/29 basis of ten market average price for 7/8ths in Middling. Loan equities, it is reported, moving more freely with premiums ranging upto 25 dollars per bale during December. Additional 59,000 bales purchases for Lend and Lease. A nervous market is expected.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—

On Saturday market opened weak on Singapore news. Option selling and some hedging was offset by short covering. Despite considerable selling against Indore straddle account, prices recovered on appreciable short covering and the closing tone showed good resistance below Rs. 200 In spite of the war news, the steadiness of other commodities except cotton is attributed to the increased upcountry receipts of the latter. It is also expected that the increase in import duty should go to stabilise stanle varieties, whose normal production will all be required by Indian mills. Cloth and yarn markets report sustained improvement in the prices and favourable offtake, especially on export account. Operators are keenly awaiting further action by Government on local deputation's representation to the Viceroy and considerable interest is evinced in Mr. Morgenthau's pronouncement over the world unit of new currency backed by gold and silver, presently to eliminate the difficulty experienced between Dollar and Sterling groups. Any understanding between Britain and America over this all important question is expected by the trade to restore confidence in the intrinsic values of commodities.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 18.17—16 (10-5 a.m.); lowest 18.41—52 (11-54 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market declined on President's announcement for release of loan cotton.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: January 31.

March	18 55 38
May	18 65 —47
July	18.75 43
October	18.70—53
December	18.71—67
January	18.75—56

Islam In India Needs Sacrifice Like Husein's

Lessons Of Kerbela Tragedy

BOMBAY, Monday.

Speeches eulogising the martyrdom of Imam Husein were delivered at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Dawoodi Bohra Literary Society at Mohamedi Baug, Khokha Bazar to night. Mr. S. A. Brelvi presided. Recitations in praise of the Imam and narrating his trials and tributations were listened to with emotional interest by those present.

Mr. Noman Khorakivala asking Mr. Brelvi to take the chair referred to the immense sacrifices of Imam Husein and appealed to all present to follow in his foot-steps.

Mr. Ahmedali Noorbhoy speaking next explained the nature and circumstances of Imam Husein's martyrdom. It was with a view to keep alive the truth and glory of Islam, said the speaker, that Imam Husein refused to accept the Khilafat of Yezid and preferred death to dishonour.

The speaker appealed all the Muslims to act up to the great principle of truth for which Husein had allowed himself to be sacrificed.

TRUTH TRIUMPHS

Prof. Maulvi speaking next said that Imam Husein had fought neither for crown nor for any kingdom but for truth. The one lesson that they could learn from the tragic episode was that truth always triumphed over falsehood.

Concluding, Prof. Maulvi appealed to both the Shias and the Sunnis to rise above their petty differences and to stand united in the cause of Islam.

Mr. Shayda emphasized the need for action in accordance with the principles for which Imam Hussain gave up his life.

Mr. Kikabhai Ghulam Abbas explained how a revolution had been brought about in the Islamic world by Imam's sacrifice.

CALL FOR SACRIFICE

Mr Brelvi winding up the proceedings said that it was difficult to give up one's life in the cause of truth, but it was still more heart-rending to sacrifice the lives of the nearest and dearest relations and friends and children. It was for that reason that the sacrifices of Imam Husein were still fresh in the minds of all and were sure to remain so in the minds of generatimes to come.

Islam had taught the principles of democracy to the world, continued Mr. Brelvi, Yezid wanted to do away with those principles and Islam was thus in danger. Imam Husein came to the rescue, and kept up the democratic principles of Islam by his sacrifice. After 1300 years, however, it was sad to find that Muslims were degenerating, and sacrifices such as Imam Husein's were necessary. The prophet of Islam had given the message of freedom and democracy, of equality and brotherhood of man, of equal treatment of women, of the power of knowledge and of help to the needy and the helpless. If the lesson of the tragedy of Kerbela was truly understood, it would be realized that Kerbela was wherever there were oppression and injustice, political slavery and autocracy, unfair treatment to women, ignorance, poverty, inequality and violations of teachings of Islam and the true Muslim's duty was to be prepared for every sacrifice to face such Kerbelas and thereby keep alive and justify the truth of Islam's teachings.

Mr. Brelvi concluded by an appeal for inter-communal harmony, for Husein had died not for Muslims alone but for all humanity because he died for vindicating universal truths, which applied to all mankind.

TRADERS OFFER MASS SATYAGRAHA

LAHORE, Feb. 2.

The anti-Sales Tax campaign was continued in Lahore to-day, when about seventy traders offered Satyagraha at a public meeting by preaching non-payment of the tax.

Lala Bihari Lal Chanana, President of the Punjab Beopar Mandal, addressing the meeting announced that he had convened an urgent meeting of the Working Committee of the Mandal for tomorrow to decide the future line of action. The present programme of courting arrest by preaching non-payment of tax, he said, would end tomorrow and that a campaign would take a new turn from February 4. The Working Committee would give final touches to the programme tomorrow.—A. P.

BOMBAY PROTESTS AGAINST PUNJAB SALES TAX.

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay sent a telegram on Monday to the Prime Minister, Government of the Punjab urging that it is necessary in the interests of the restoration of normal trade activities to bring about an early settlement in regard to the Punjab Sales Tax with the interests concerned.

The Marwadi Chamber of Commerce Ltd., Bombay, also has sent a telegram addressed to the Prime Minister, Government of Punjab, in the course of which they say:—

Sales Tax introduced by the Bombay Ministry was subsequently dropped due to representations. The Bengal Ministry also gave similar heed to public agitation.

CITY RUBBER-SHEET GODOWN GUTTED

The Vithal Sayana Building situated at Lohar Chawl was the scene of a serious fire on Monday night.

Enquiries reveal that a rubber-sheet godown situated on the first floor of the building and belonging to Mr. J. B. Shah caught fire at about 8 p.m. Some passers-by seeing the building enveloped in smoke raised an alarm. Immediately all the tenants from the building came down. None was injured.

Fire engines that were summoned came up in no time from all over the city. The fire was brought under control after more than an hour.

The damage is estimated at several thousands of rupees. The cause of the fire is not known.

RANJI TROPHY SEMI-FINAL

CALCUTTA, Feb. 2.

On the third day of the Ranji Trophy Match between Bengal and Mysore, the latter were all out for 208 in their second innings.

At close of play, Bengal had scored 125 runs for five wickets in their second innings.

SCORES.

MYSORE 1ST INNINGS 307
BENGAL 1ST INNINGS. 279

MYSORE (2ND INNINGS.)

Doraswami, b Puri 0, Parthasarathy, c Pur, b Ramchandra 28, Thimmapiah, l.b.w., b Mustafi 0, Rangaraj, b Ramchandra 14, Garudachar, c S. Mustafi, b Ramchandra 8, Dara Shah, c S. Mustafi, b Puri 0, Frank, c and b Puri 48, Ram Dev b K. Bhattacharjee 57, Vijayasarathy c Puri, b S. Mustafi 25, Alsingrachar b Puri 14. Ranga Iyengar not out 8. Extras 11. Total 208.

Bowling Analysis:

Puri 19/1/71/4, S. Mustafi 6.4/1/25/2. Ramchandra 28/10/53/3, K. Bhattacharji 12/0/58/1, Obedali 1/0/1/0. Sumption 3/0/9/0.

BENGAL (SECOND INNINGS).

S. Ganguly, c Frank, b Ranga Iyengar 11, Jabbar, b Dara Shah 2, A. Das, c and b Vijayasarathy 29, K. Bhattacharjee batting 57, Ramchandra c and b Garudachar 5, K. Bose, b Ranga Iyengar 11, A. Deb, batting 3. Extras 4. Total (for five wickets) 125.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH

New York, February 2

Previous closing	18.55
To-day's opening	18.05
Difference	—50
To-day's closing	not received

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, February 2

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

March (18.75/68) 18.06/00
May (18.90/83) 18.17/12
July (18.98/90) 18.44/30

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, February 2

SEEDS

Castorseeds January/February (£20 5/8 sellers) £20 5/8 sellers
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta January/February (£20 11/16 sellers) £20 11/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January/February (£18 7/8 sellers) £18 7/8 sellers
Groundnut Coromandal Coast January/February (£19 3/8 sellers) £19 3/8 sellers

JUTES

Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted

RUBBER

Spot December unquoted
Forward December unquoted

LONDON METALS

Tin: No market.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES.

T.T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, February 2

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T.T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, February 2

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

London, February 2

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, February 2

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 9/16d) 23 9/16d

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.35
London on Shanghai unavailable
London on Kobe not quoted.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, February 2

There was no trading during night session

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, February 2

The London Stock Exchange was inactive.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, February 2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 7/8

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, February 2

5 per cent 1958/68 (£10) 1/4) £101 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £82 6/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 1/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £100
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £115 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £105 1/16
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-6
Electric Music Industry 14-4 1/2
Pinchin Johnson 21-10 1/2
Imperial Chemicals 32-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary 53-9 Ex. Div.
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £75
Dundee 29-0
Unilever Ordinary 29-0
Ford Motors 25-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £69
British American Tobacco Ordy. £4 1/8
Carreras 'A' £5 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 9/16 Ex Div
P. and O. Defd 27-7 1/2
Distillers 74-3
Bredfords Dye 10-0
British Celanese 7-1 1/2
J. and P. Coates 37-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 34-0
Fine Cotton Spinners 5-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-9
Inter Nickel dol. 43 5/8
Indian Iron 44-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam 16-4 1/2
Donaro Tea 30-0
Empire of India 18-1 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 13-0
Gula Kelampong 10-0
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 19-1 1/8

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 18-9
Burma Corporation 5-6
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £2
Rand Mines £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £9 1/2
Associated Portland Cement 52-6
Trinidad Leasehold 67-6
Sub-Nigel £7 3/32
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/32
Union Corporation 147-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 35-3
Anglo-India 49-4 1/2
Burma Oil £2 9/32
Mexican Eagle 13-9
Shell Transport £2 9/16
Royal Dutch £18 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £45
London Midland Ordinary £18 5/8
London North Eastern Defd. £2 1/4
London Southern Defd. £18 5/8
London Transport 5 per cent £130
London Transport £40 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, February 2

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 32 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 27 1/4
United States Steel Common dol. 53
United States Steel Preference unquoted

REWARD Rs. 5,000 You Can Be YOUNG IN 24 HOURS

"EVERSHINE" is a unique scientific invention brought to light in the history of the Medical Science. The strongest, and the most active never failing remedy for:—Loss of Vigour, Low Vitality, Loss of Appetite, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness Impure Blood, Break-down, Depression, Insomnia, Giddiness, Bloodlessness, Premature Old Age, High Blood Pressure, General Debility, Chronic Anaemia, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, etc. It ensures a rapid increase in weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. It makes a man look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than his actual age and gives a surprising increase in vitality and energy within the first 24 to 48 hours. Thousands of patients throughout every part of the world have been radically cured.

The first dose of medicine acts on the human body like a spark of electric current. It makes appetite so keen, that even a weak man can easily digest one pound or more of Ghee (Butter) every day. Great Scientists and experienced Doctors have been astonished and amazed to see the results given by EVERSHINE. No wonder if you also use it and be one of the admirers of this preparation and thus become a national and life saver of the country. The miraculous effects of EVERSHINE have well been tried in SWITZERLAND before placing into the market. You risk no money in putting EVERSHINE to the test. Simply get a Phial from us. Start taking it immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Before starting the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror, and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking EVERSHINE

It makes astonishing improvement in skinny shape. The Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in childhood when your skin was smooth and fresh. Weak and Run-down shot back to youthful Vigour and Vitality as if at 25. EVERSHINE makes you feel and look many years younger than the actual age and extraordinary strong and Vigorous with full Vital force and driving energy and square-built body. EVERSHINE keeps ever young, ever healthy. Females with faded charms and wrinkled face regain their School girl Complexion with a well built body. Lighter, brighter, luckier days are in store for man and woman who starts using EVERSHINE. To popularise this medicine in India we have fixed Rs. 3/- per phial for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 15/- will be charged. Chances for such wonders occur rarely in life Order to-day, for to-morrow may be too late.

NOTE:—A cash Reward of Rs. 5,000/- shall be awarded to any Scientist or Medical Man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

EVERSHINE is useful for all Climates and Seasons and can be taken by both Males and Females of all ages.

The Royal Chamber Of Science

P. O. Box No. 82, CALCUTTA.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Is a Natural Newspaper Kibitzer

By BUD FISHER

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YEH, MAKES IT KINDA DIFFICULT TO READ, DOESN'T IT?
?
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SUBWAY
I DUNNO! THE PAPER I WAS READIN' GOT OFF AT 42D STREET!
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Tuesday, February 3, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

RELIEF FROM
ASTHMA

Here is a preparation that ends all asthmatic symptoms like Breathlessness Cough and Wheezing EFELIN is the outcome of years of research by a well-known French Chemist ELIXIR EFELIN Rs 2/8/- per bottle at Leading Chemists
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Sapru Appeal Sequel

Viceroy's Proposals To Whitehall

No Big Change In Govt. Of India's Structure?

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 2.

Further details are available of the second stage of the Linlithgow time table which is now reported to be under discussion with Whitehall in pursuance of the Sapru proposals.

Authorities are reported to be against giving responsibility to the legislature as involving too big a change in the structure of the Government order of present conditions.

It is believed however Sir Andrew Clow, Communications member will proceed on leave after the Railway Budget discussions in order to take up the Governorship of Assam or Orissa early in May. For this purpose the term of the Governorship of Sir Robert Neil Reid in Assam has been extended to May. As the name of the present Finance Member Sir Jeremy Raisman is also being mentioned for Governorship of the Reserve Bank a vacancy also in the Viceroy's Council will be available for Indian after the budget session.

As Sir Reginald Maxwell, Home Member is also said to be anxious to retire this year, the possibility of transfer of his portfolio to an Indian non-official is said to be in view.

Lastly, there is the question of Indian Defence Membership upon which Dr. Sapru has been keen. These, according to New Delhi talks, are proposals under discussion in response to Dr. Sapru's appeal. If the communications portfolio is split up as rumoured this "second expansion" will mean an addition of six Indian members including Information Membership. As regards provincial field the question of Indian Executive councils instead of official advisers has apparently been mooted.

I learn from Provincial leaders now in New Delhi that certain Governors prefer the continuance of the Adviser system.

The matter however rests with the Secretary of State.

In Mysore

Congress Leaders Arrested

BANGALORE, Feb. 2.

Mr. H. C. Dasappa and Mr. T. Siddalingiah, Members of the Mysore State Congress Working Committee, were arrested last night in Bangalore under the Defence of India Rules for alleged prejudicial speeches made by them last month at Shimoga.—A. P.

WHAT GANDHIJI SAID OF JAWAHAR

As the Associated Press report of Gandhiji's speech at the A.-I. C. C. in reference to his 'successor' did not provide the necessary background, we give below an extract from Sjt Mahadev Desai's English version of the (Hindi) speech:

'Do not please go away with the idea that there is a rift in the Congress lute. The Working Committee has worked like members of a happy family. Somebody suggested that Pandit Jawaharlal and I were estranged. It will require much more than differences of opinion to estrange us. We have had differences from the moment we became co-workers, and yet I have said for some years and say now that not Rajaji but Jawaharlal will be my successor. He says he does not understand my language and that he speaks a language foreign to me. This may or may not be true. But language is no bar to a union of hearts. And I know this that when I am gone he will speak my language'.

NO SACRIFICE OF NATIONAL INTERESTS

Morarji Desai On Rajaji's Stand

RAJKOT, Feb. 2.

Mr. Morarji Desai, arrived here yesterday morning from Bhavnagar.

Replying to a question at a students' meeting he said that misunderstanding was unfortunately prevailing about Mr. Rajagopalachariar following the Bardoli and Wardha resolutions. Mr. Rajagopalachariar, said Mr. Desai, never contemplated accepting office unless real power was transferred to Indians. Neither did he strive to make communal settlement at any price by sacrificing national interests.

Later, Mr. Desai presided over a convocation of successful Hindi candidates and presented certificates. At night, he addressed a public meeting in Danapeeth and explained the stand taken in the Congress and the implications of the war approaching India.

Mr. Desai asserted that as Indians were being denied to form a National Government, the only alternative for Indians was to see that internal law and order was maintained.

Mr. Desai left for Ahmedabad this morning.—A. P.

JAP. GENERAL COMMITS SUICIDE

LONDON, Feb. 2.

It is stated that the Japanese Lieut.-General Commanding the Eleventh Japanese Division committed suicide in Ilolchow following the third Japanese defeat in the northern Hunan front.

NAZI CANDIDATE FOR CHILE PRESIDENTSHIP DEFEATED

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Feb. 2.

The democratic candidate Senor Juan Antonio Rios was elected President of Chile to-day in succession to Dr. Aguirre Cerda deceased.

He received a majority of more than 50,000 votes over General Callos Ibanez, an avowed totalitarian candidate.—Reuter.

BROWNSHIRTS LEADER DEAD

BERLIN, Feb. 2.

Major-General Hans Goerg Hofmann, Chief Group Leader of the Brownshirts and Under-Secretary of State in Bavaria died at Munich on Saturday from heart-failure, states a Munich despatch to the official German News Agency.

He was 68 years of age. Hitler has ordered a state funeral.—Reuter.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY:

"THE COAT OF ARMS"

Will Begin From Wednesday, February 4

Sir S. Radhakrishnan, who presided over the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Indian Women's University, is seen addressing the gathering at the University ground on Sunday evening.

EXPERIMENT IN NATIONAL EDUCATION

Bhulabhai Eulogises Tilak Vidyapeeth For Modern Ayurveda Research

POONA, Feb. 2.

"It is high time that the Government should recognise the Tilak Vidyapeeth as an examining body in these sciences so that persons having studied and found qualified by their examiners could be recognised practitioners of medicine throughout the country", said Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, delivering his Convocation Address at the Convocation Ceremony of the Tilak Maharashtra Ayurveda Vidyapeeth, Poona, last evening.

Mr Bhulabhai said, "It was in the year 1920, during the first non-co-operation movement that the Tilak Vidyapeeth like its sister institution, the Gujarath Vidyapeeth, came into existence.

It was a natural step consequent on the abandonment of the schools and colleges by the students of those days and as a protest against the conduct of the Government towards India.

It was then hoped to make them into two Universities and the Poona Vidyapeeth was appropriately named after Lok Tilak whose dynamic politics gave an entirely new turn to the political beliefs and enthusiasm in Maharashtra

RUNS SCHOOLS ON BASIC SCHEME

It now runs schools on the basic scheme which is the method of education of the future. In the field of national language it runs Rashtra Bhasha Prachar under the Wardha scheme

In the field of ancient literature and learning it runs the Vedic research. Last but not the least it runs the foundation of medicine based on Ayurveda.

It has often been asked, said Mr. Bhulabhai, as to what the true meaning and import of national education. It is argued, he said, that all education scientific and literary, has got to be the same. What then is the difference between national education and education now imparted in colleges, he asked.

COMMON LANGUAGE ESSENTIAL

Proceeding, Mr. Bhulabhai said, "No one objects to those having the requisite capacity of learning not only English but other languages of the world as well so as to maintain international contact in the progress of science and literature, but at the same time contact with the masses of the people can only be maintained if there is a common language which the country can understand.

Let our children be educated in primary education through the local provincial languages and in the secondary through the common language of India, that is the Rashtra Bhasha.

AYURVEDA RESEARCH

It is early to say, went on Mr. Bhulabhai, about basic education and its value. It is recognised, he said, that in India at least by reason of the way in which allocation of labour was made under the Varnasram Dharma, manual training of all the higher classes was included to an extent which makes the modern mechanic an unknown thing to an intellectual and continuation of studies in Vedas is an essential part of our contacting with our great past and particularly when the beliefs and progress were on lines of simplicity and strength.

Resuscitation of studies in medicine based on Ayurveda adapting itself to modern conditions, continued Mr. Bhulabhai was of essentially high value and it was now recognised that notwithstanding the advance of chemical apd therapeutical sciences and methods by which some of the Ayurvedic compounds were produced, showed a result which it was not easy to explain by the same process. It contained therapeutic drugs of great qualities and immence value. It was equally true, he said, of the Unani system of medicine.

EXTRAORDINARY EXPERIMENT

These activities, added Mr. Bhulabhai, have been restricted since our ordinary schools and colleges began to absorb most of our students. But in times to come, when there is a more liberal spirit and support given in these Ayurvedic institutions specialising in the branches I have indicated above the Tilak Vidyapeetn will still survive as an extraordinary experiment in national education.

Concluding Mr. Bhulabhai said that the Government had recognised the value of the practice and it had already created a board for the purpose of regulating the courses and qualification in Ayurveda.

The Tilak Vidyapeeth had specialised in that matter and was doing with a staff of persons qualified in other system of medicine as well, besides examining pupils who had learnt in that institution and sending them out for practice.—A. P.

"KEY-MEN" TO DIRECT ACTIVITIES OF P. V. B.

ELABORATE PROGRAMME TO BE PLACED BEFORE B. P. C. C. FOR ENDORSEMENT

The general field of activities of the P. V. B. has taken a definite shape. The plan and programme of the new organisation was discussed and decided at a meeting of the sub-committee, entrusted with this task, on Monday night.

The same will be placed before an urgent meeting of the B. P. C. C., on Wednesday, when endorsement for forming General Body to assume final control of the People's Volunteer Brigade will be sought. This General Body will be composed of prominent citizens and representatives of trade and other organisations and those of women and students.

While specific activities will depend upon exigencies of time and decisions taken from time to time by the Board of Control and the General Body, the general scope has been tentatively laid down.

The P.V. B. will keep close contact with as many members of the public of Bombay as possible. Training will be given in the work and activities of the Air Raid precautions. Other types of training consists of organising, relief during riots or similar emergencies and in First Aid and Medical Relief, evolving a system of prompt and efficient communication among all the units of the P.V.B., engaging in all possible precautionary and relief measures under stress of war conditions and keeping a vigilant watch on the supply of food-stuffs and other necessaries of life for the inhabitants of the city.

The P.V.B., also may be called, if occasion arises to assist the Bombay Municipality in the protection and maintenance of the essential services such as water supply, fire-brigade, etc., and to organise medical aid and relief to victims of air attacks and relief in the form of food and shelter.

Counter-acting panicky rumours and educating the public in the proper sense of personal and social security and also in the habits of courage, coolness and presence of mind will also form a part of the volunteers' activities.

The organisation of an Ambulance Corps, if and when found necessary, may come under the purview of the P.V.B.

There will be 'key-men' to organise and direct the various activities. These 'key-men' will constitute the 'Board of Control', appointed by the General, Bombay and may consist of nine members

The President of the B.P.C.C., will be the President of this Board and one of the General Secretaries will act as a secretary for it. The Chief Medical Officer of the P.V.B., in charge of the Medical Aid, will also be the ex-officio member of the Board and the remaining members may be appointed by the General Body.

The aims and objects and the organisational structure of the new plan and programme will be also placed for endorsement and then there will be a drive for enrolment, forms of which will be accompanied by those of pledges.

"India Can Defend Herself And Democracy

Bajpai Stresses Need For Technical Aid Of U.S.A.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

"My people are fighting for everything they hold worthwhile, their inheritance of the past as well as their hope for the future," said Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Agent General for India, broadcasting on "India's war effort" on Sunday night.

Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai described how India had a million men under arms, a very great proportion of whom were fighting outside India in every theatre of war from Libya to Malaya. He emphasised that the whole army had been raised strictly on a voluntary basis.

He reviewed the great achievements of Indian troops so far, and went on to deal with the country's material resources and her exports such as minerals to the United States and pig iron to Britain.

India was making artillery, small arms and even aeroplanes were now coming into production, though on a very small scale.

He reminded listeners that India had a navy whose personnel had been increased by between four and five times the peace-time complement and was still growing

He concluded, "India is an Empire capable of almost unlimited expansion, provided the requisite equipment for war is forthcoming.

For tools, material, weapons such as planes she must look to the United States and to those of her Allies whose industrial resources and technical skill are more highly developed. Given this aid, India will not only be able to save herself for democracy but will help to save democracy for the world".—Reuter

SOCIALISTS AND REDS IN FREE FIGHT

CAWNPORE, Feb. 1.

Some persons are reported to have been injured following a free fight between Congress Socialists and Communists at a meeting of the Mazdoor Sabha held this evening.

The trouble, it is alleged, arose over the question of the pro-war policy of the Communists who regard this war as the people's war.—A. P.

"References To "Black Hole" Tragedy Must Be Deleted"

City Fathers Request Govt. To Forward Matter To Text Books Committee

The question of deleting all references to the so called "Black Hole Tragedy in Calcutta", from text books now in use in schools came before the Municipal Corporation again on Monday and the House once again sent it back to the Government to be sent to the Text Books Committee.

It will be recalled that on the 13th June last the Municipal Corporation passed a resolution moved by Mr. Salebhoy Abdulkadar requesting the Government to delete the references regarding the 'Black Hole Tragedy' from the text books since in Calcutta this reference was deleted from the text books. In reply the Government stated: That the writing of all history is a selection of events which the writer employs to give his picture of the times and is largely a question of emphasis, comment and choice of material. Authors should not therefore be hampered in the presentation of historical facts. The Text Books Committee have full discretion to deal with any specific mention of the event as objectionable or unobjectionable.

The Government is unable to take action on the lines suggested as it is satisfied that the Text Books Committee can be trusted to deal with all historical reference in accordance with historical material available.

Mr. Salebhoy Abdulkader moved the resolution to inform the Government that the Municipal Corporation did not share the views as expressed by the Government

Dr J. V. Vora seconded the resolution.

Mr Mohanlal M. Desai moved an amendment to request the Government to forward this matter to the Text Books Committee for their consideration.

Mr. M. V Donde moved another amendment to request the Text Books Committee to consult eminent scholars on this question.

Mr Mohanlal Desai's amendment was accepted by the House as a substantive proposition.

A.R.P. & CIVIL DEFENCE

The House then considered the resolution of Dr. B. H. Rajyadhaksha:

That His Worship the Mayor be requested to approach Government with a request to convene at an early date a Conference of the representatives of the Government and of the Corporation to discuss the measures to be adopted in relation to the Air Raid Precautions and civil defence of the City

Mr. S. K. Patil intimated on behalf of the Congress Party that they would not vote and remain neutral but at the same time suggested that in regard to the expenditure for the air raid precautions, the Government should bear major portion and should not be divided half and half between the Municipal Corporation and the Government.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai said that the Government should inform the public what measures they propose to adopt for the safety of the public.

The resolution was carried. The House then adjourned till Thursday.

H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda and Ghaus Mahomed, winners of Gents Doubles of the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tennis Championships, shaking hands with Charanjiva and Kantawalla after the match.

'Ultra Vires' of Bihar Legislature?

Agricultural Income-tax Act Validity Challenged In Federal Court

NEW DELHI, Feb. 2.

The validity or otherwise of the Bihar Agricultural Income-Tax Act came up for decision by the Federal Court this morning in an appeal from the Patna High Court.

Babu Hulasnarain Singh in test case before the Patna High Court, had contended that the Bihar Agricultural Income-Tax Act was 'ultra vires' of the Bihar Legislature, firstly because it was repugnant to the Permanent Settlement Regulation which was an act of the British Parliament and secondly "as required by the Government of India Act", the previous sanction of the Governor-General was not obtained nor was the act submitted for the assent of the Governor-General after it had been passed.

"AGRICULTURAL INCOME"

It was also contended that the definition of Agricultural Income in the Bihar Act differed from that in the Indian Income-Tax Act.

The Patna High Court held that the Permanent Settlement Regulation was not an act of the British Parliament, that there was no declaration in the Permanent Settlement Regulation that Agricultural Income would not be subjected to Income-Tax; that the Bihar Act applied to all holders of Agricultural land and therefore no previous sanction of the Governor-General was required, as it did not discriminate against any one class of persons.

Mr. P. R. Das, who opened the case on behalf of Babu Hulasnarain Singh and others, further elucidated the arguments. He said that the Bihar Act gave a wider range of taxing powers to the Bihar Government than they were permitted under the Government of India Act; that the Collector, who collected the Tax under the Act, was not an officer of the Crown as such. Mr. Das' main arguments to-day was directed to proving that the Permanent Settlement Regulation was an act of the British Parliament and any legislation which amended or modified or was repugnant to that act was void. He claimed that the Bihar Act did modify and amend the Settlement Regulation and was repugnant to it.

Mr. Das had not finished when the Court rose for the day. Mr. Baldeo Sahai assisted by Mr. P. P. Varma represented the Bihar Government.—A. P.

NO CHANGE IN TURKISH FOREIGN POLICY

ANKARA, Feb. 2.

Turkish Foreign policy has not changed, declared Dr. Saydam, the Prime Minister, in a Radio Broadcast here last night. "Our Foreign policy decided at the beginning of the world crisis and based on a national conscience has lost nothing of its character since the first day, nor has it changed in any way," he said. "We stand by what we said and what we decided."—Reuter.

5-MILLION POUND PLAN FOR NEW BOMBER

MELBOURNE, Feb. 2.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Curtin announces a big extension in Australian aircraft manufacture including increase in the bomber programme This is also a five-million pounds plan to produce a new type of Australian designed bomber.—Reuter

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